

EVAPCO®

Conductivity Controller 2B

Instruction Manual



EVAPCO, Inc. World Headquarters; PO Box 1300; Westminster, MD USA

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The EVAPCO Conductivity Controller 2B (ECC-2B) offers a high level of flexibility in controlling water treatment applications.

One or two sensor inputs are available that are compatible with a variety of sensors:

- Contacting conductivity
- Electrodeless conductivity
- pH
- ORP
- Generic sensor (Ion Selective Electrodes or any type of sensor with a linear voltage output between -2 VDC and 2 VDC)

An analog (4-20 mA) sensor input card with two input circuits is also available for use with 2,3 or 4-wire transmitters. Or a sensor card that combines one sensor (contacting conductivity, pH, ORP, disinfection or generic) plus one analog (4-20 mA) input is available.

Six Virtual Inputs are configurable in the software, to either allow for calculations based on two real inputs, or to allow to compare values from two sensors to provide redundancy.

- On/Off set point control
- Time Proportional control
- Pulse Proportional control (when purchased with Pulse solid state opto outputs)
- PID control (when purchased with Pulse solid state opto outputs)
- Lead/Lag control of up to 6 relays
- Dual set point
- Timer
- Bleed or Feed based on a Water Contactor or Paddlewheel flow meter input
- Feed and Bleed
- Feed and Bleed with Lockout
- Feed as a percent of Bleed
- Feed as a percent of elapsed time
- Daily, Weekly, 2-week or 4-week Biocide timers with pre-bleed and post-add lockout of bleed
- Intermittent sampling for boilers with proportional blowdown, controlling on a trapped sample
- Always on unless interlocked
- Probe Wash timer
- Spike to alternate set point on timed basis
- Flow Meter Ratio
- Counter Timer
- Dual Switch
- Diagnostic Alarm triggered by:
 - High or Low sensor reading
 - No Flow
 - Relay output timeout
 - Sensor error

Relays are available in several combinations of powered relays, dry contact relays, and pulse solid state opto relays.

Six virtual Control Outputs are configurable in the software, using most of the possible relay or analog output control algorithms, that may be used to interlock or activate actual control outputs.

An option card with two isolated analog outputs may be installed to retransmit sensor input signals to a chart recorder, datalogger, PLC or another device. They may also be connected to valves, actuators or metering pumps for linear proportional control, flow proportional or PID control.

An Ethernet option provides remote access to the controller's programming via a PC connected directly, via a local area network, or via the Walchem Fluent account management server. It also allows emailing of datalog files (in CSV format, compatible with spreadsheets like Excel) and alarms, to up to eight email addresses. The Modbus TCP and BACnet remote communications options allow communication with PC-based applications, HMI/SCADA programs, Building Energy Management systems, Distributed Control Systems (DCS), as well as stand-alone HMI devices.

Our USB features provide the ability to upgrade the software in the controller to the latest version. The Config file feature allows you to save all the set points from a controller onto a USB flash disk, and then import them into another controller, making the programming of multiple controllers fast and easy. The data logging feature allows you to save the sensor readings and relay activation events to a USB flash disk.

2.0 SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Measurement Performance

pH		ORP/ISE	
Range	-2 to 16 pH units	Range	-1500 to 1500 mV
Resolution	0.01 pH units	Resolution	0.1 mV
Accuracy	± 0.01% of reading	Accuracy	± 1 mV
Disinfection Sensors			
Range (mV)	-2000 to 1500 mV	Range (ppm)	0-2 ppm to 0-20,000 ppm
Resolution (mV)	0.1 mV	Resolution (ppm)	Varies with range and slope
Accuracy (mV)	± 1 mV	Accuracy (ppm)	Varies with range and slope
100Ω RTD Temperature			
Range	23 to 500°F (-5 to 260°C)		
Resolution	0.1°F (0.1°C)		
Accuracy	± 1% of Reading or ± 1°C, whichever is greater		
1000Ω RTD Temperature			
Range	23 to 500°F (-5 to 260°C)		
Resolution	0.1°F (0.1°C)		
Accuracy	± 1% of Reading or ± 0.3°C , whichever is greater		
10k or 100k Thermistor Temperature			
Range	23 to 194°F (-5 to 90°C)		
Resolution	0.1°F (0.1°C)		
Accuracy	± 1% of Reading or ± 0.3°C, whichever is greater		
Analog (4-20 mA)			
Range	0 to 22 mA		
Resolution	0.01 mA		
Accuracy	± 0.5% of reading		
Electrodeless Conductivity			
Range	Resolution		Accuracy
500-12,000 μS/cm	1 μS/cm, 0.01 mS/cm, 0.1 mS/m, 0.001 S/m, 1 ppm		1% of reading
3,000-40,000 μS/cm	1 μS/cm, 0.01 mS/cm, 0.1 mS/m, 0.001 S/m, 1 ppm		1% of reading
10,000-150,000 μS/cm	10 μS/cm, 0.1 mS/cm, 1 mS/m, 0.01 S/m, 10 ppm		1% of reading
50,000-500,000 μS/cm	10 μS/cm, 0.1 mS/cm, 1 mS/m, 0.01 S/m, 10 ppm		1% of reading
200,000-2,000,000 μS/cm	100 μS/cm, 0.1 mS/cm, 1 mS/m, 0.1 S/m, 100 ppm		1% of reading

Temperature °C	Range Multiplier
0	181.3
10	139.9
15	124.2
20	111.1
25	100.0
30	90.6
35	82.5
40	75.5
50	64.3
60	55.6
70	48.9

Temperature °C	Range Multiplier
80	43.5
90	39.2
100	35.7
110	32.8
120	30.4
130	28.5
140	26.9
150	25.5
160	24.4
170	23.6
180	22.9

Note: Conductivity ranges on page 2 apply at 25°C. At higher temperatures, the range is reduced per the range multiplier chart.

2.2 Electrical: Input/Output

Input Power	100 to 240 VAC (120V only for North America), 50 or 60 Hz, 7 A maximum, Fuse: 6.3 A
Inputs	
<i>Sensor Input Signals (0, 1 or 2 depending on model code):</i>	
Contacting Conductivity	0.01, 0.1, 1.0, or 10.0 cell constant OR
Electrodeless Conductivity	(not available on the combination sensor/analog input card) OR
Disinfection	OR
Amplified pH, ORP or ISE	Requires a preamplified signal. Walchem WEL or WDS series recommended. ±5VDC power available for external preamps.
Each sensor input card contains a temperature input	
Temperature	100 or 1000 ohm RTD, 10K or 100K Thermistor
<i>Analog (4-20 mA) Sensor Input (0, 1, 2 or 4 depending on model code):</i>	2-wire loop powered or self-powered transmitters supported 3 or 4 –wire transmitters supported Each dual sensor input board has two channels Channel 1, 130 ohm input resistance Channel 2, 280 ohm input resistance The combination input board has one channel, 280 ohm input resistance Available Power: One independent isolated 24 VDC ± 15% supply per channel 1.5 W maximum for each channel 2W (83 mA at 24 VDC) total power consumption for all channels (four total channels possible if two dual boards are installed; 2W is equivalent to 2 Little Dipper sensors)

Digital Input Signals (6):	
<i>State-Type Digital Inputs</i>	Electrical: Optically isolated and providing an electrically isolated 9V power with a nominal 2.3mA current when the digital input switch is closed Typical response time: < 2 seconds Devices supported: Any isolated dry contact (i.e. relay, reed switch) Types: Interlock
<i>Low Speed Counter-Type Digital Inputs</i>	Electrical: Optically isolated and providing an electrically isolated 9VDC power with a nominal 2.3mA current when the digital input switch is closed 0-20 Hz, 25 msec minimum width Devices supported: Any device with isolated open drain, open collector, transistor or reed switch Types: Contacting Flowmeter, Flow Verify
<i>High Speed Counter-Type Digital Inputs</i>	Electrical: Optically isolated and providing an electrically isolated 9VDC power with a nominal 2.3mA current when the digital input switch is closed, 0-500 Hz, 1.00 msec minimum width, Minimum pulse rate to see paddlewheel rate = 0.17 Hz Devices supported: Any device with isolated open drain, open collector, transistor or reed switch Types: Paddlewheel Flowmeter, DI Counter
Note: Total available power on the Digital Input 9 VDC is 111 mA	
Outputs	
<i>Powered mechanical relays (0 or 6 depending on model code):</i>	Pre-powered on circuit board switching line voltage 6 A (resistive), 1/8 HP (93 W) All six relays are fused together as one group, total current for this group must not exceed 6A
<i>Dry contact mechanical relays (0, 2 or 4 depending on model code):</i>	6 A (resistive), 1/8 HP (93 W) Dry contact relays are not fuse protected
<i>Pulse Outputs (0, 2 or 4 depending on model code):</i>	Opto-isolated, Solid State Relay 200mA, 40 VDC Max. VLOWMAX = 0.05V @ 18 mA Accuracy (0-10 Hz): ± 0.5% of Pulse Rate, (10-20 Hz): ± 1.0%, (20-40 Hz): ± 2.0%
<i>4 - 20 mA (0 or 2)</i>	Internally powered Fully isolated 600 Ohm max resistive load Resolution 0.0015% of span
Ethernet	10/100 802.3-2005 Auto MDIX support Auto Negotiation
USB	Connector: Type A receptacle Speed: High speed (480 Mbit) Power: 0.5 A maximum
Battery (Real-Time Clock)	Model BR2032, 3-volt Lithium Coin Cell 20 mm diameter

Agency Approvals:	
Safety	UL 61010-1:2012 3rd Ed + Rev:2019 CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1:2012 3rd Ed. + U1; U2 IEC 61010-1:2010 3rd Ed. + A1:2016 EN 61010-1:2010 3rd Ed. + A1:2019 BS EN 61010-1:2010 + A1:2019
EMC	IEC 61326-1:2020 EN 61326-1:2013 BS EN 61326-1:2013
<p>For EN 61000-4-3 Radiated RF Immunity, the controller meets Performance Criteria B. In environments where severe radio-frequency interference (RFI) is present, the controller may reboot/restart. If this occurs, the controller should be relocated away from the electromagnetic interference (EMI) source.</p> <p>*Class A equipment: Equipment suitable for use in establishments other than domestic, and those directly connected to a low voltage (100-240 VAC) power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.</p>	

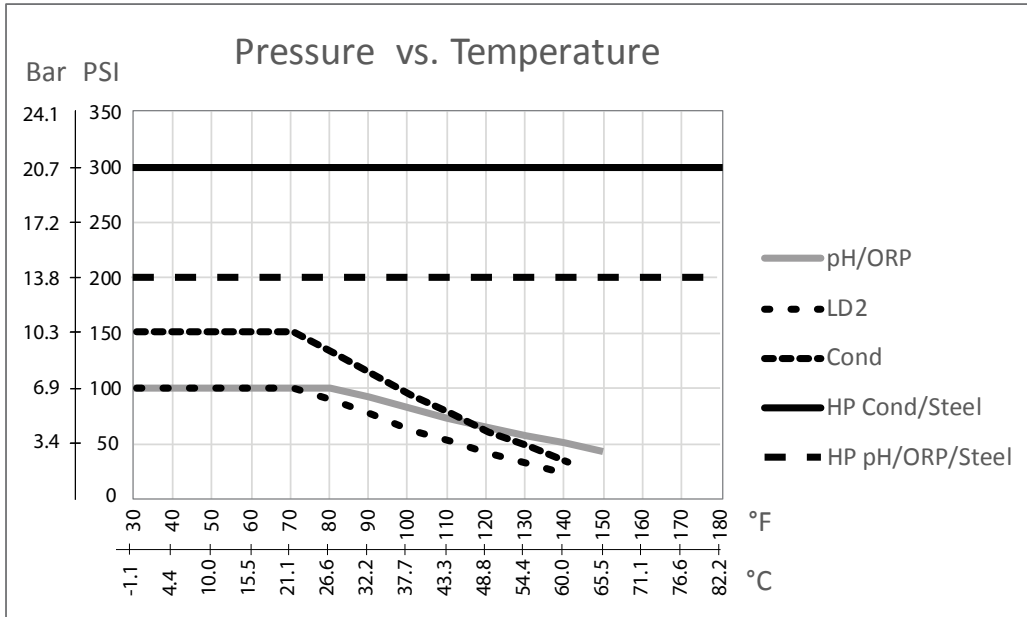
2.3 Mechanical

Enclosure Material	Polycarbonate
Enclosure Rating	NEMA 4X (IEC 60529 to IP66)
Dimensions	11.1" x 8.3" x 5.5" (282 mm x 211 mm x 140 mm)
Display	5" TFT color display, 800 x 480 pixels with capacitive touchscreen
Operating Ambient Temp	-4 to 131 °F (-20 to 55 °C)
Storage Temperature	-4 – 176°F (-20 – 80°C)
Humidity	10 to 90% non-condensing

Mechanical (Sensors) (*see graph)

Sensor	Pressure	Temperature	Materials	Process Connections
Electrodeless conductivity	0-150 psi (0-10 bar)*	CPVC: 32-158°F (0 to 70°C)* PEEK: 32-190°F (0 to 88°C)	CPVC, FKM in-line o-ring PEEK, 316 SS in-line adapter	1" NPTM submersion 2" NPTM in-line adapter
pH	0-100 psi (0-7 bar)*	50-158°F (10-70°C)*	CPVC, Glass, FKM o-rings, HDPE, Titanium rod, glass-filled PP tee	1" NPTM submersion 3/4" NPTF in-line tee
ORP	0-100 psi (0-7bar)*	32-158°F (0-70°C)*		
Contacting conductivity (Condensate)	0-200 psi (0-14 bar)	32-248°F (0-120°C)	316SS, PEEK	3/4" NPTM
Contacting conductivity Graphite (Cooling Tower)	0-150 psi (0-10 bar)*	32-158°F (0-70°C)*	Grpahite, Glass-filled PP, FKM o-ring	3/4" NPTM
Contacting conductivity SS (Cooling Tower)	0-150 psi (0-10 bar)*	32-158°F (0-70°C)*	316SS, Glass-filled PP, FKM o-ring	3/4" NPTM
Contacting conductivity (Boiler)	0-250 psi (0-17 bar)	32-401°F (0-205°C)	316SS, PEEK	3/4" NPTM
Contacting conductivity (High Pressure Tower)	0-300 psi (0-21 bar)*	32-158°F (0-70°C)*	316SS, PEEK	3/4" NPTM
pH (High Pressure)	0-300 psi (0-21 bar)*	32-275°F (0-135°C)*	Glass, Polymer, PTFE, 316SS, FKM	1/2" NPTM gland
ORP (High Pressure)	0-300 psi (0-21 bar)*	32-275°F (0-135°C)*	Platinum, Polymer, PTFE, 316SS, FKM	1/2" NPTM gland

Free Chlorine/Bromine	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-113°F (0-45°C)	PVC, Polycarbonate, silicone rubber, SS, PEEK, FKM, Isoplast	1/4" NPTF Inlet 3/4" NPTF Outlet
Extended pH Range Free Chlorine/Bromine	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-113°F (0-45°C)		
Total Chlorine	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-113°F (0-45°C)		
Chlorine Dioxide	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-131°F (0-55°C)		
Ozone	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-131°F (0-55°C)		
Peracetic Acid	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-131°F (0-55°C)		
Hydrogen Peroxide	0-14.7 psi (0-1 bar)	32-113°F (0-45°C)		
Flow switch manifold	0-150 psi (0-10 bar) up to 100°F (38°C)* 0-50 psi (0-3 bar) at 140°F (60°C)	32-140°F (0-60°C)	GFRPP, PVC, FKM, Isoplast	3/4" NPTF
Flow switch manifold (High Pressure)	0-300 psi (0-21 bar)*	32-158°F (0-70°C)*	Carbon steel, Brass, 316SS, FKM	3/4" NPTF



3.0 UNPACKING & INSTALLATION

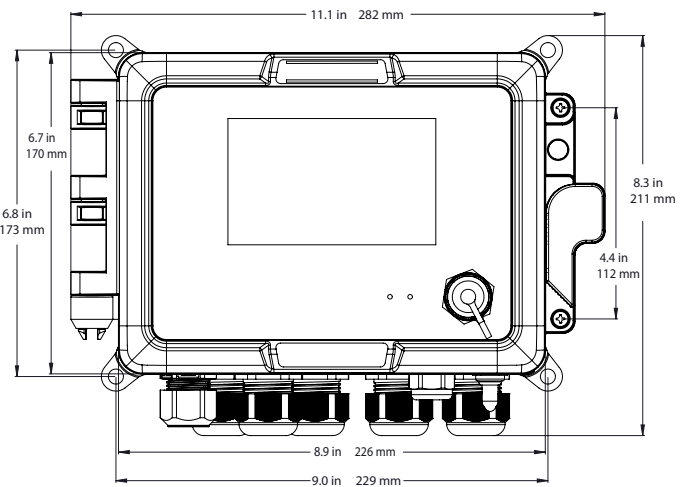
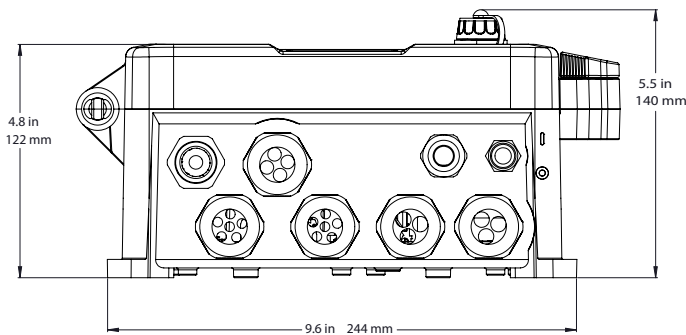
3.1 Unpacking the Unit

Inspect the contents of the carton. Please notify the carrier immediately if there are any signs of damage to the controller or its parts. Contact your distributor if any of the parts are missing. The carton should contain an Intuition-6™ Series controller and an instruction manual. Any options or accessories will be incorporated as ordered.

3.2 Mounting the Electronic Enclosure

The controller is supplied with mounting holes on the enclosure. It should be wall mounted with the display at eye level, on a vibration-free surface, utilizing all four mounting holes for maximum stability. Do not install the enclosure in a location where it will be exposed to direct sunlight. Use M6 (1/4" diameter) fasteners that are appropriate for the substrate material of the wall. The enclosure is NEMA 4X (IP66) rated. The maximum operating ambient temperature is 131°F (55°C); this should be considered if installation is in a high temperature location. The enclosure requires the following clearances:

- Top: 2" (50 mm)
- Left: 8" (203 mm) (not applicable for prewired models)
- Right: 4" (102 mm)
- Bottom: 7" (178 mm)



3.3 Sensor Installation

Refer to the specific instructions supplied with the sensor being used, for detailed installation instructions.

General Guidelines

Locate the sensors where an active sample of water is available and where the sensors can easily be removed for cleaning. Position the sensor such that air bubbles will not be trapped within the sensing area. Position the sensor where sediment or oil will not accumulate within the sensing area.

In-Line Sensor Mounting

In-line mounted sensors must be situated so that the tee is always full and the sensors are never subjected to a drop in water level resulting in dryness. Refer to Figure 1 for typical installation.

Tap off the discharge side of the recirculation pump to provide a minimum flow of 1 gallon per minute through the flow switch manifold. The sample must flow into the bottom of the manifold in order to close the flow switch, and return to a point of lower pressure in order to ensure flow. Install an isolation valve on both sides of the manifold to stop flow for sensor maintenance.

IMPORTANT: To avoid cracking the female pipe threads on the supplied plumbing parts, use no more than 3 wraps of Teflon tape and thread in the pipe FINGER tight plus 1/2 turn! Do not use pipe dope to seal the threads of the flow switch because the clear plastic will crack!

Submersion Sensor Mounting






If the sensors are to be submersed in the process, mount them firmly to the tank, and protect the cable with plastic pipe, sealed at the top with a cable gland, to prevent premature failure. Place the sensors in an area of good solution movement.

Sensors should be located such that they respond rapidly to a well-mixed sample of the process water and the treatment chemicals. If they are too close to the chemical injection point, they will see spikes in concentration and cycle on and off too frequently. If they are too far away from the chemical injection point, they will respond too slowly to the concentration changes, and you will overshoot the set point.

The **electrodeless conductivity sensor** should be placed as close to the controller as possible, to a maximum distance of 120 ft. (37 m). Less than 20 ft. (6 m) is recommended. The cable must be shielded from background electrical noise. Always route low voltage (sensor) signals with at least a 6" (15 cm) separation from AC voltage wiring. These sensors are affected by the geometry and conductivity of their surroundings, so either maintain 6 inches (15 cm) of sample around the sensor or ensure that any nearby conductive or non-conductive items are consistently positioned. Do not install the sensor in the path of any electrical current that may be flowing in the solution, as this will shift the conductivity reading.

The **amplified pH/ORP/ISE electrode** should be placed as close to the controller as possible, to a maximum distance of 1000 feet (305 m) from the controller. A junction box and shielded cable are available to extend the standard 20 foot (6 m) length. pH and ORP electrodes must be installed such that the measuring surfaces will always remain wet. A U-trap provided in the manifold design should achieve this, even if the sample flow stops. These electrodes also must be installed with the measuring surfaces pointing down; that is 5 degrees above the horizontal, at a minimum. The flow velocity past the sensor must be less than 10 ft./sec. (3 m/sec.)

3.4 Icon Definitions

Symbol	Publication	Description
	IEC 417, No.5019	Protective Conductor Terminal
	IEC 417, No. 5007	On (Supply)
	IEC 417, No. 5008	Off (Supply)
	ISO 3864, No. B.3.6	Caution, risk of electric shock
	ISO 3864, No. B.3.1	Caution

3.5 Electrical Installation

The various standard wiring options are shown in figure 1, below. Your controller will arrive from the factory pre-wired or ready for hardwiring. Depending on your configuration of controller options, you may be required to hard-wire some or all of the input/output devices. Refer to figures 6 through 18 for circuit board layout and wiring.

Note: when wiring the optional flow meter contactor input, the 4-20 mA outputs or a remote flow switch, it is advisable to use stranded, twisted, shielded pair wire between 22-26 AWG. Shield should be terminated at the controller at the most convenient shield terminal.



CAUTION



1.	There are live circuits inside the controller even when the power switch on the front panel is in the OFF position! The front panel must never be opened before power to the controller is REMOVED! If your controller is prewired, it is supplied with an 8 foot, 18 AWG power cord with USA style plug. A tool (#1 Phillips driver) is required to open the front panel.
2.	When mounting the controller, make sure there is clear access to the disconnecting device!
3.	The electrical installation of the controller must be done by trained personnel only and conform to all applicable National, State and Local codes!
4.	Proper grounding of this product is required. Any attempt to bypass the grounding will compromise the safety of persons and property.
5.	Operating this product in a manner not specified by Walchem may impair the protection provided by the equipment.

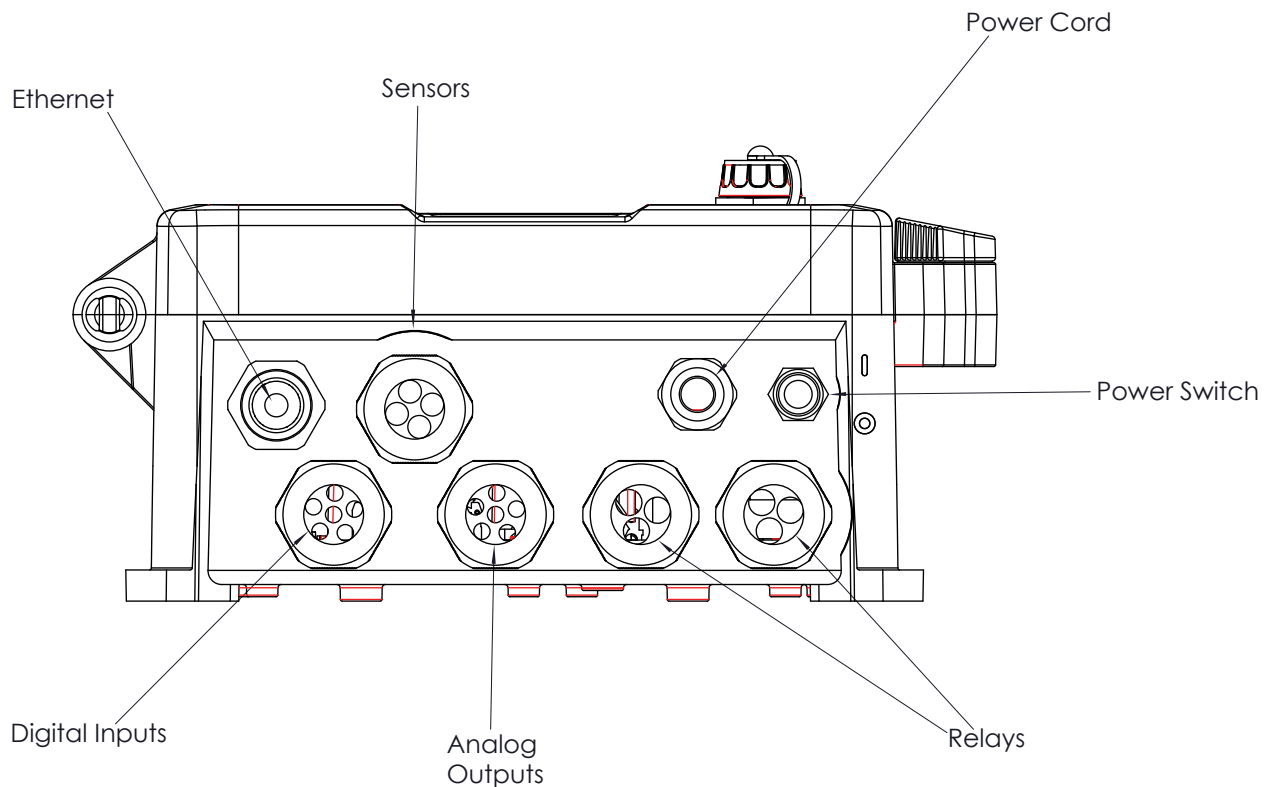


Figure 5 Conduit Wiring

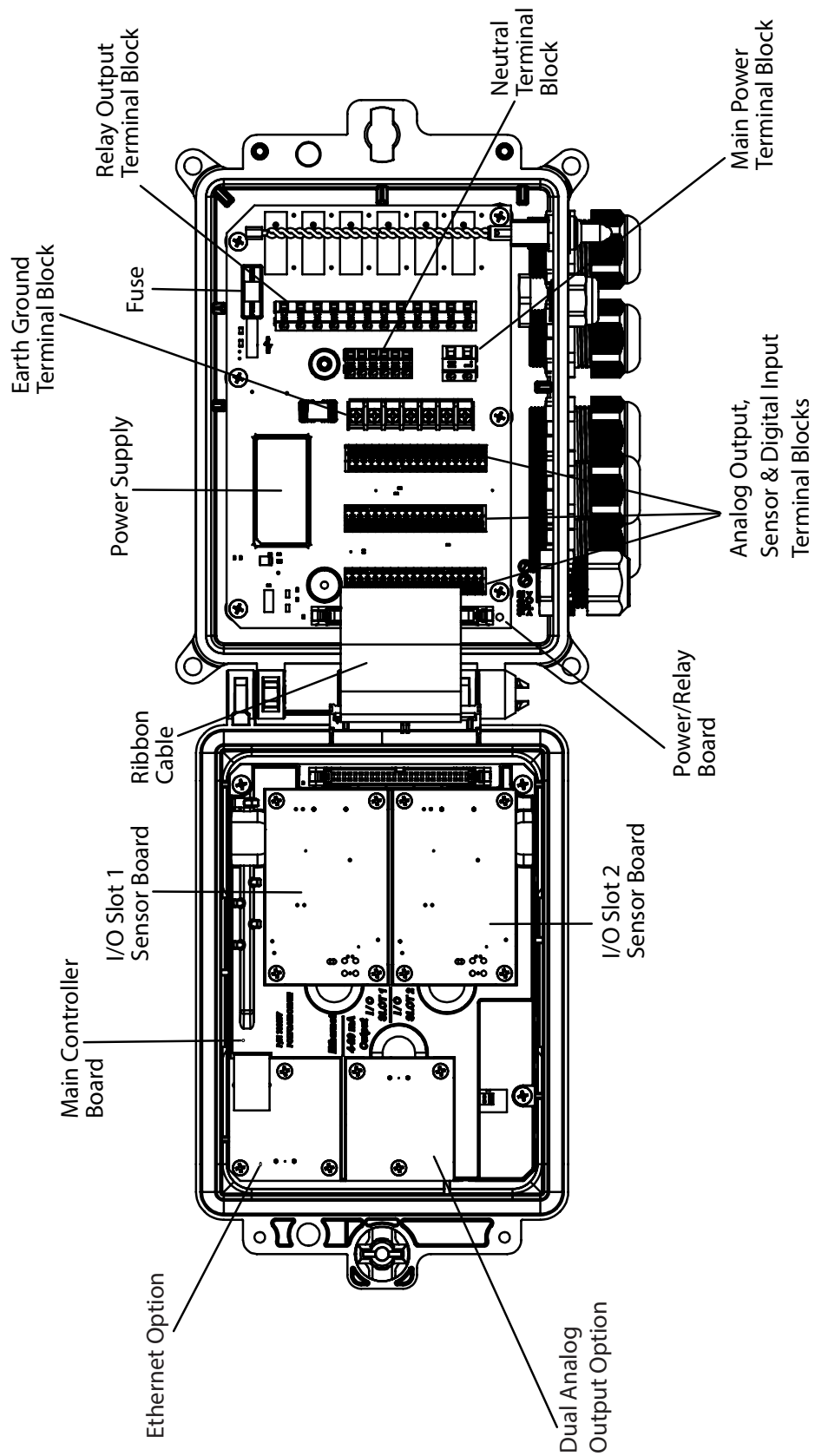
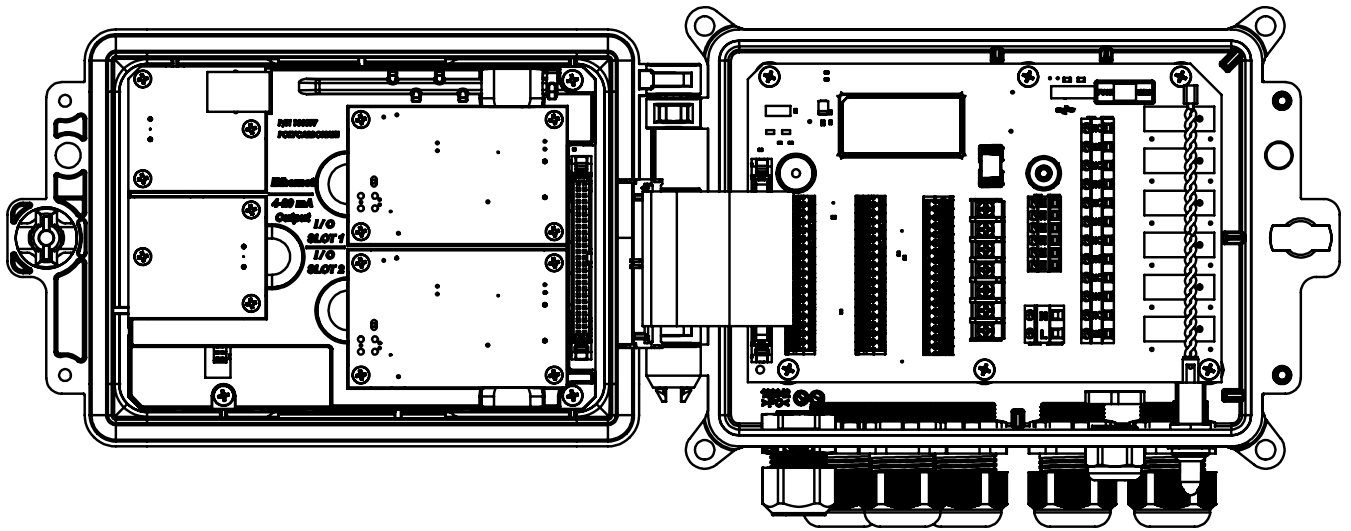


Figure 6 Parts Identification



	ECOND	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS
1	TEMP-	TEMP-	TEMP-
2	TEMP+	TEMP+	TEMP+
3	R-SHLD		IN-
4		RCV	IN+
5	RCV-		
6	RCV+		
7	X-SHLD	SHIELD	SHIELD
8			+5V
9			-5V
10	XMT+	XMT	
11	XMT-		
12	⏏		

SENSOR LABEL

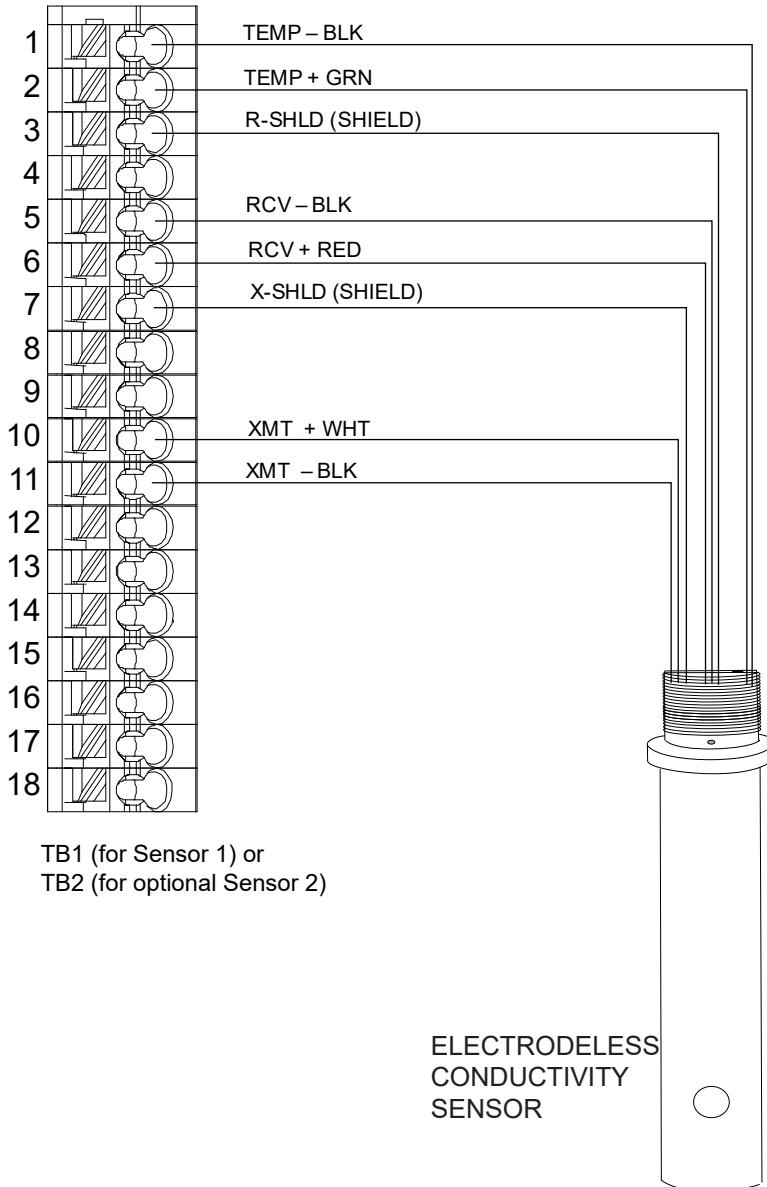
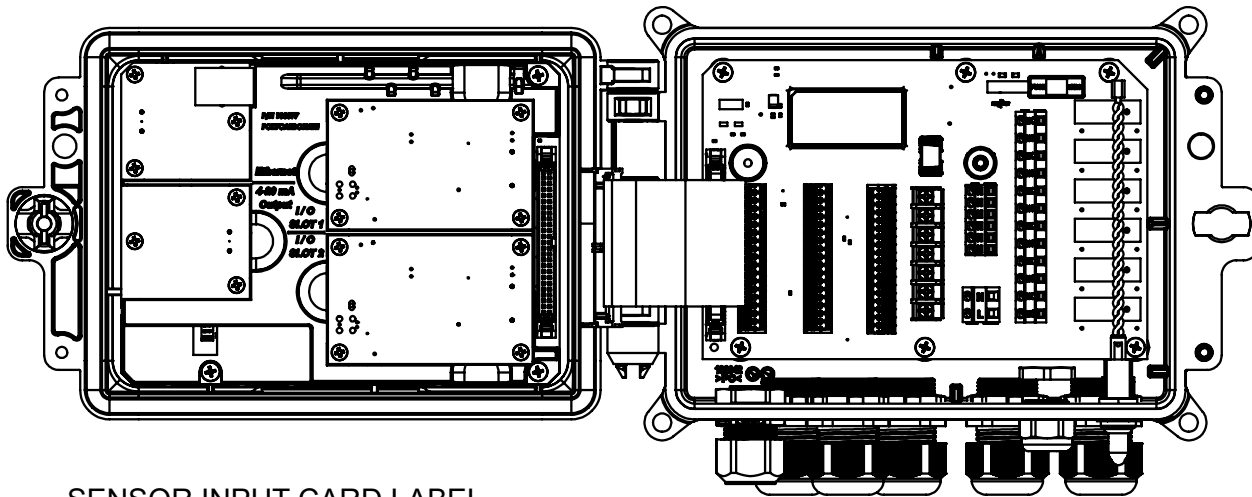
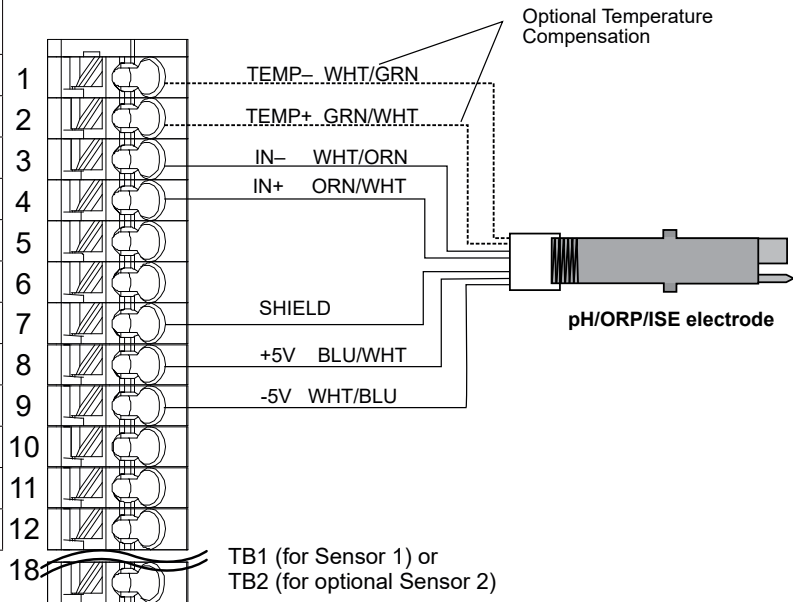


Figure 8 Electrodeless Conductivity Sensor Input Wiring

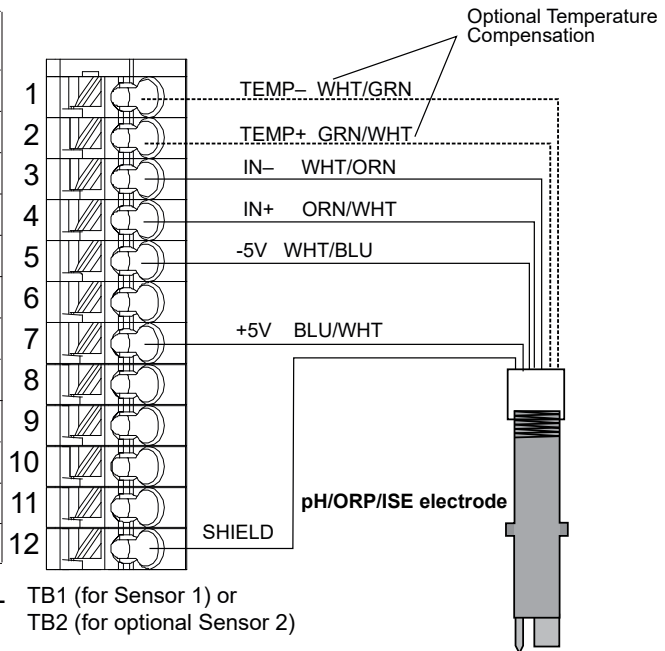


SENSOR INPUT CARD LABEL

	ECOND	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS
1	TEMP-	TEMP-	TEMP-
2	TEMP+	TEMP+	TEMP+
3	R-SHLD		IN-
4		RCV	IN+
5	RCV-		
6	RCV+		
7	X-SHLD	SHIELD	SHIELD
8			+5V
9			-5V
10	XMT+	XMT	
11	XMT-		
12			⏏

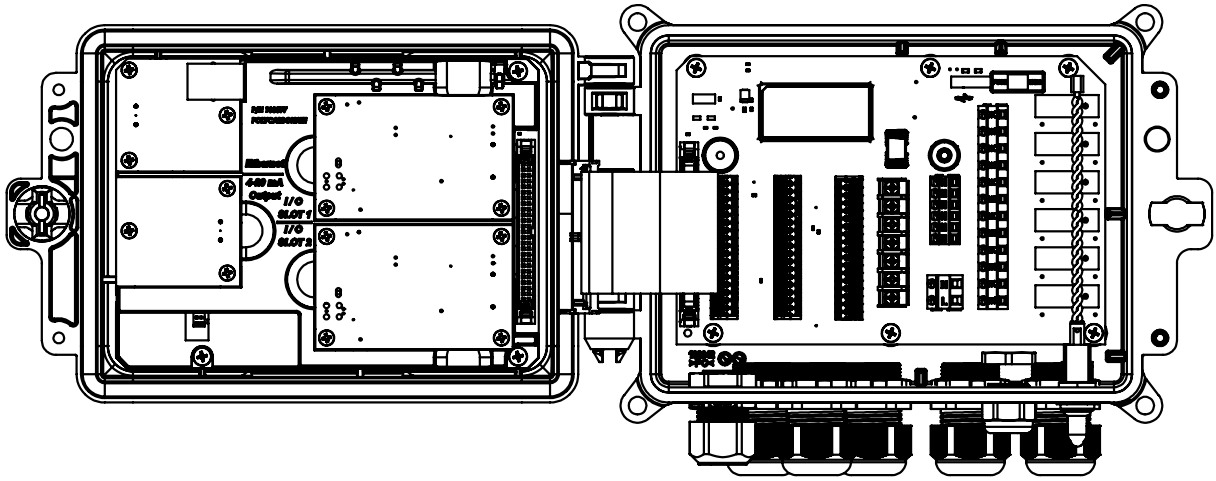


	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Pwrd	3 Wire	4 Wire
1	TEMP-	TEMP-				
2	TEMP+	TEMP+				
3	SHIELD	IN-				
4	RCV	IN+				
5		-5V				
6	XMT					
7		+5V				
8					COM(-) 24V(-)	
9			+24V		+24V	+24V
10					XMTR-	XMTR-
11					XMTR- XMTR+	XMTR+
12			SHIELD or use DI SHIELD (TB3 7-12)			

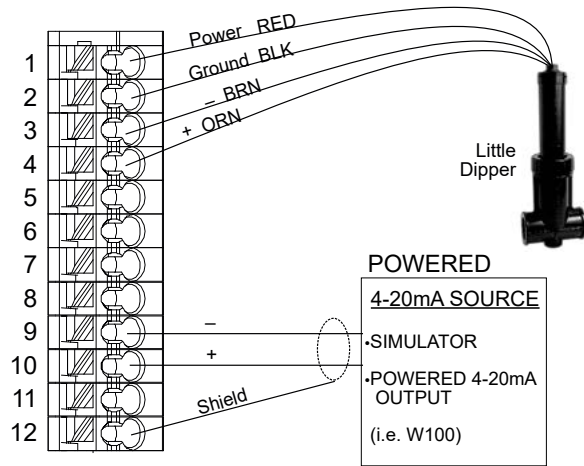


COMBINATION SENSOR/ANALOG CARD LABEL

Figure 9 pH/ORP/ISE Sensor Input Wiring

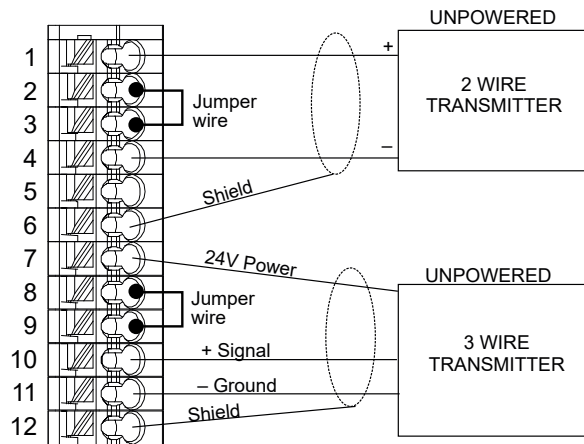


TB Pin#	Type of Transmitter				AI#
	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Powered	3 Wire	4 Wire	
1	+24V		+24V	+24V	1
2	●		●	24V(-)	
3	●	XMTR-	●	XMTR-	
4	XMTR-	XMTR+	XMTR+	XMTR+	
5			COM(-)		
6	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	
7	+24V		+24V	+24V	2
8	●		●	24V(-)	
9	●	XMTR-	●	XMTR-	
10	XMTR-	XMTR+	XMTR+	XMTR+	
11			COM(-)		
12	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	



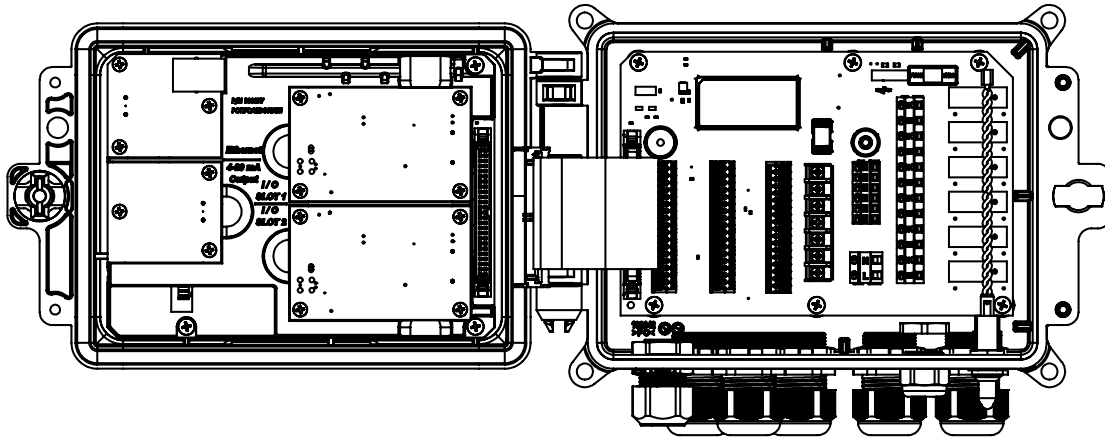
TB1 (for Sensor 1) or
TB2 (for optional Sensor 2)

TB Pin#	Type of Transmitter				AI#
	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Powered	3 Wire	4 Wire	
1	+24V		+24V	+24V	1
2	●		●	24V(-)	
3	●	XMTR-	●	XMTR-	
4	XMTR-	XMTR+	XMTR+	XMTR+	
5			COM(-)		
6	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	
7	+24V		+24V	+24V	2
8	●		●	24V(-)	
9	●	XMTR-	●	XMTR-	
10	XMTR-	XMTR+	XMTR+	XMTR+	
11			COM(-)		
12	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	SHIELD	



TB1 (for Sensor 1) or
TB2 (for optional Sensor 2)

Figure 11 Dual 4-20mA Sensor Input Wiring



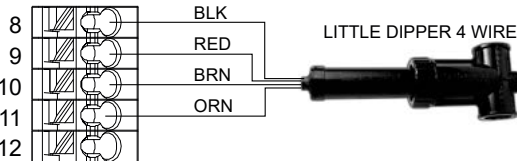
SENSOR LABEL

	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Pwr	3 Wire	4 Wire
1	TEMP-	TEMP-				

TB1 (for Sensor 1) or TB2 (for optional Sensor 2)



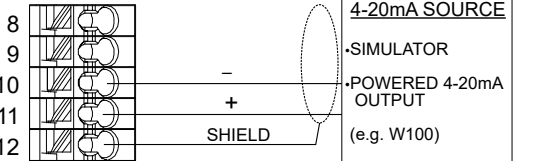
8					COM(-)	24V(-)
9			+24V		+24V	+24V
10					XMTR-	XMTR-
11					XMTR-	XMTR+ XMTR+ XMTR+
12			SHIELD or use DI SHIELD (TB3 7-12)			



	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Pwr	3 Wire	4 Wire
1	TEMP-	TEMP-				



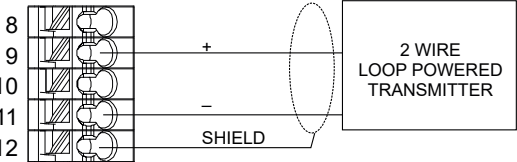
8					COM(-)	24V(-)
9			+24V		+24V	+24V
10					XMTR-	XMTR-
11					XMTR-	XMTR+ XMTR+ XMTR+
12			SHIELD or use DI SHIELD (TB3 7-12)			



	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Pwr	3 Wire	4 Wire
1	TEMP-	TEMP-				



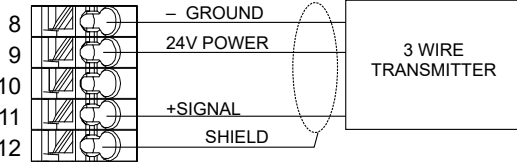
8					COM(-)	24V(-)
9			+24V		+24V	+24V
10					XMTR-	XMTR-
11					XMTR-	XMTR+ XMTR+ XMTR+
12			SHIELD or use DI SHIELD (TB3 7-12)			



	CCOND	pH/ORP DIS	2 Wire Loop	2 Wire Pwr	3 Wire	4 Wire
1	TEMP-	TEMP-				

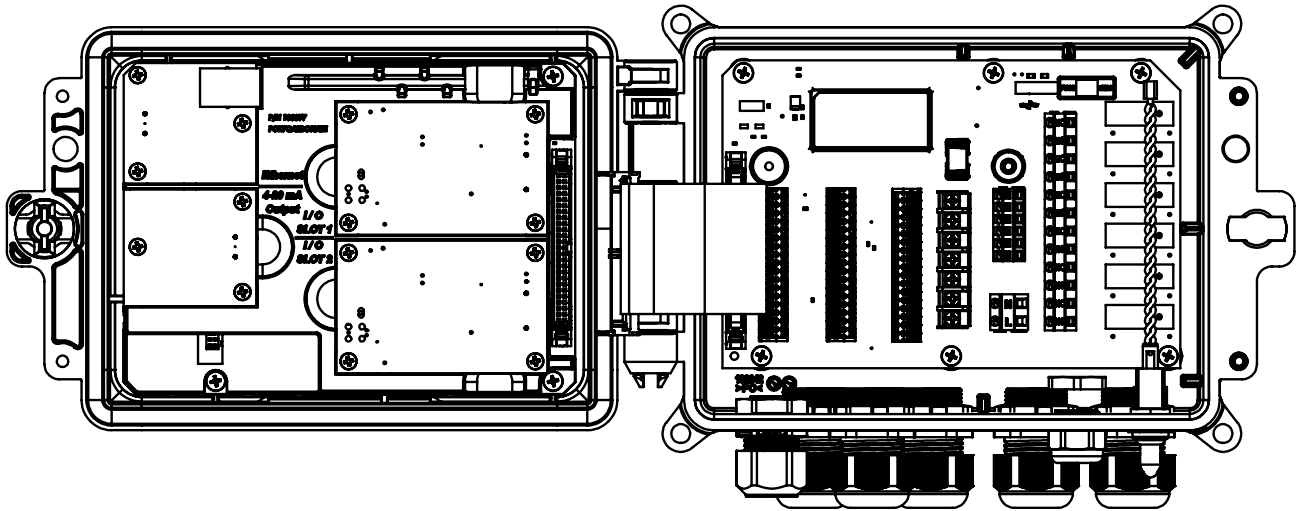


8					COM(-)	24V(-)
9			+24V		+24V	+24V
10					XMTR-	XMTR-
11					XMTR-	XMTR+ XMTR+ XMTR+
12			SHIELD or use DI SHIELD (TB3 7-12)			



NOTE: To program the combination card analog input, you must go to Inputs menu, then enter the analog input (S13 or S23), scroll down to Transmitter, and select the type of transmitter from the list.

Figure 12 Combination Card 4-20mA Dual Sensor Input Wiring (was 11a)



1		1 DIG IN 3+	1		
2		2 DIG IN 3-	2		
3		3 +9 VDC	3		
4		4 DIG IN 4+	4		
5		5 DIG IN 4-	5		
6	SEE SENSOR 1 LABEL	6 +9 VDC	6	SEE SENSOR 2 LABEL	
7		7	7		
8		8	8		
9		9 DI SHIELD	9		
10		10	10		
11		11	11		
12		12	12		
13	DIG IN 1+	13 DIG IN 5+	13	DIG IN 2+	
14	DIG IN 1-	14 DIG IN 5-	14	DIG IN 2-	
15	+9 VDC	15 +9 VDC	15	+9 VDC	
16	4-20 OUT1+	16 DIG IN 6+	16	4-20 OUT2+	
17	4-20 OUT1-	17 DIG IN 6-	17	4-20 OUT2-	
18	SHIELD	18 +9 VDC	18	SHIELD	
TB1		TB3		TB2	

SAFETY COVER LABEL

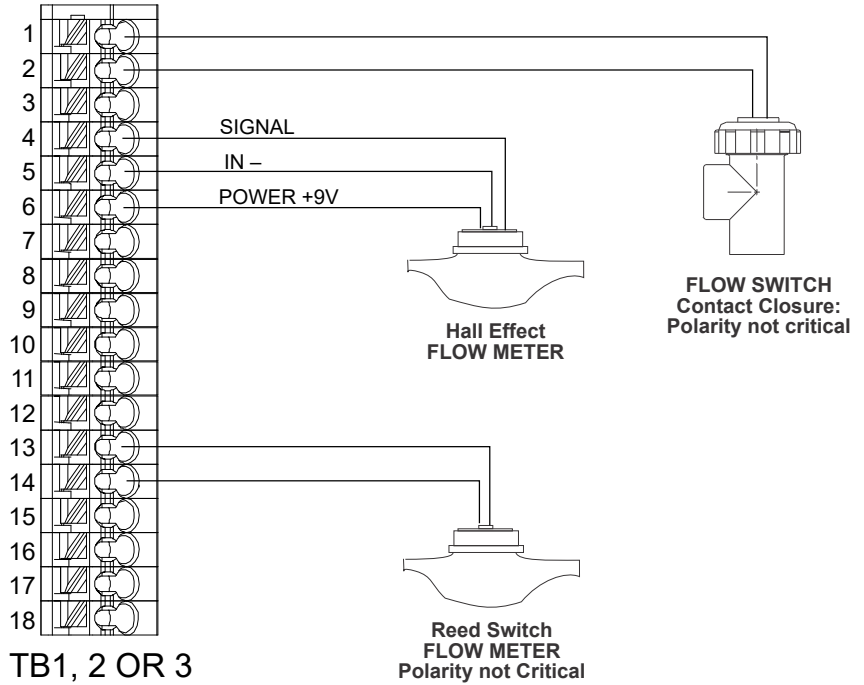


Figure 13 Digital Input Wiring

4.0 FUNCTION OVERVIEW

4.1 Front Panel

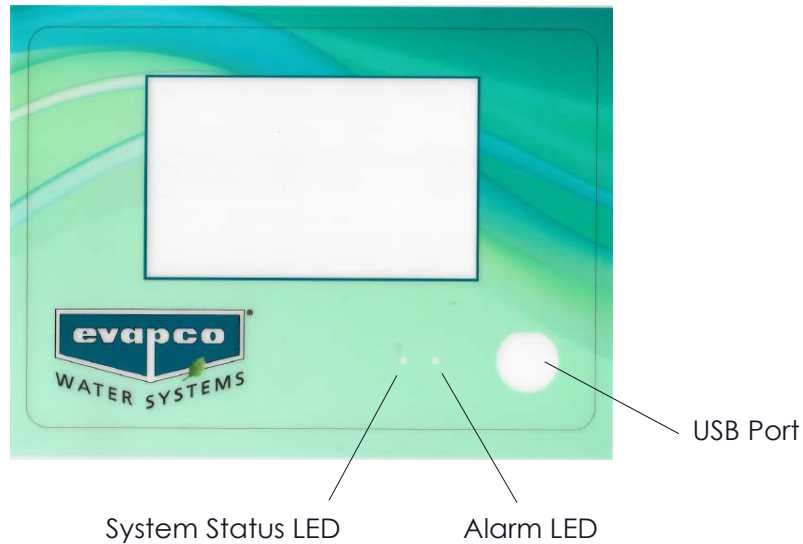


Figure 19 Front Panel

4.2 Touchscreen

A Home screen is displayed while the controller is on. Across the top of the screen are tabs for each major menu group: Home, Inputs, Outputs, Graphs, HOA (Hand – Off – Auto output operation), Configuration, and Alarms. Touching the tab brings up the menus associated with that group.

Below these tabs, this display shows user-defined fields containing input readings or status of outputs. Touching any of these fields on the Home Screen will bring up the item's Details Screen, where you can access calibration and setting menus or graph that parameter. If more than one page of items is selected to be displayed on the Home screen, it will automatically scroll between them, or swiping up or down manually moves to the next page. A yellow bar on the right will indicate if multiple pages are available and where the current page is relative to the others.

4.3 Icons

The following icons appear on the Home screen. Touch the icon to get to the menu selections.



Alarm Menu



Inputs Menu



Outputs Menu



Configuration Menu



HOA Menu



Graph Menu



Home Page



Filter

Other icons may appear in the menu screens.



Calibration icon appears in sensor input menus and brings up the calibration menu



Graph icon appears in Input menus and brings up the Graphs menu showing that input



Edit icon appears in Input and Output details menus and allows the editing of settings



Information icon appears in Input and Output menus in place of the Edit icon and is used to leave edit mode and return to viewing information related to that Input or Output.



Close icon closes a menu and returns to the previous menu



Confirm icon saves changes and returns to the previous menu



Filter icon is used in menus to limit the choices displayed when selecting items from a list



Character Delete icon erases part of an alphanumeric entry



Shift icon is used for upper-case characters



Double Arrow icons appear in Graphs menu and move the time frame of the graph



Calendar icon appears in Graphs menu and brings up the Time Range settings



Dim and Bright icons appear in Display Settings menu



Split icons appear in Edit Home Screen Layout and are used to change a larger cell into two smaller ones



Merge icons appear in Edit Home Screen Layout and are used to change two smaller cells into one larger one



Move Up or Down icons appear in Edit Home Screen Layout and are used to move a parameter up and down in its position on the screen



Delete icon appears in Edit Home Screen Layout and is used to delete all contents in that section of the Home screen <task_delete>



Return con appears in Output menu HOA Setting and returns to the list of settings for that output. <nav_back>

Overview of the use of icons

Changing Numeric Values

To change a number, use the Character Delete icon to the digit to be changed. If the new number will be negative, start with touching the minus sign, then use the numeric touchpad and decimal point to type the number (some entries must be integers and the decimal will be ignored and the setting rounded to the nearest integer). Once the value of the number is correct touch the Confirm icon to store the new value into memory, or touch the Close icon to leave the number at its previous value and go back.

Changing Names

To change the name used to identify an input or output, use the QWERTY keypad. Upper case and lower case letter, numbers, a blank space, period, and symbols are available. Touching a key and sliding up will enter the character in the upper corner of the key, or bring up that character with its possible accents, if applicable. Double tapping the shift key acts as a caps lock. Once the word is correct, use the Enter icon to store the new value into memory, or use the Close icon to leave the word at its previous value and go back.

Choosing from a List

Selecting the type of sensor connected to an input channel, which sensor will be used as an input for a control algorithm, the units of measure of an input, the control mode used for an output, etc., the selection is picked from a list of available options. Swipe if necessary to find the desired option, and then touch the option to highlight it. Touch the Confirm icon to store the new option into memory or touch the Close icon to leave the selection at its previous value and go back.

The Filter icon may be used to limit the items displayed in the list. Touch the Filter icon to bring up the types of I/O that may be filtered and then touch any that should be filtered out. Most common is to filter out “Unassigned Channels”. Touch the Confirm icon to filter the list or Cancel to show all channels.

Hand-Off-Auto Relay Mode

Touch the desired relay mode. In Hand mode the relay is forced on for a specified amount of time and when that time is up the relay returns to its previous mode, in Off mode the relay is always off until taken out of Off mode, and in Auto mode the relay is responding to control set points. Touch the Return icon to go back to the relay settings.

Interlock and Activate with Channels Menus

To select which digital inputs or relays will interlock this relay (Interlock Channels), or which digital inputs or relays will force this relay on (Activate with Channels), touch the input or relay number(s). The background of the selected item will turn dark. When finished selecting as many as needed, touch the Confirm icon to accept the changes or the Close icon to leave the selections at the previous settings and go back.

4.4 Startup

Initial Startup

After having mounted the enclosure and wired the unit, the controller is ready to be started. Plug in the controller and turn on the power switch to supply power to the unit. The display will briefly show the logo and then revert to the Home display. Refer to section 5 below for more details on each of the settings.

To return Home, Close any active menu and touch the Home tab on the top of the screen.

Config Menu (see section 5.4)

Choose language

Touch the Configuration tab on the top of the Home screen. Touch Global Settings. Swipe up or down until the English word “Language” is displayed and then touch it. Swipe up or down until your language is displayed and

touch it. Touch the Confirm icon to change all menus to your language.

Set date (if necessary)

In the Global Setting menu, swipe up or down until Date is displayed, and then touch it. Highlight the Day, and then use the numeric touchpad to change the date. Touch the Confirm icon to accept the change.

Set time (if necessary)

In the Global Setting menu, swipe up or down until Time is displayed and then touch it. Highlight the digit to change, then use the numeric touchpad to change the time. Touch the Confirm icon to accept the change.

Set global units of measure

In the Global Setting menu, swipe up or down until Global Units is displayed and then touch it. Touch the desired units. Touch the Confirm icon to accept the change.

Set temperature units of measure

In the Global Setting menu, swipe up or down until Temp Units is displayed and then touch it. Touch the desired units. Touch the Confirm icon to accept the change.

Close the Global Settings menu. Touch the Inputs tab.

Inputs (see section 5.2)

Program the settings for each input

A list of all available inputs will be displayed. Touch the S11 Input to get to the Details screen. Touch the Edit icon. If the name of the sensor does not describe the type of sensor connected, swipe up or down until Type is displayed. Touch the Type field. Swipe up or down until the correct type of sensor is displayed, then touch it to highlight it. Touch the Confirm icon to accept the change. This will bring you back to the Details screen. Touch the Edit icon and finish the rest of the S11 settings. For disinfections sensors, choose the exact sensor in the Sensor menu. For contacting conductivity sensors, enter the cell constant. Select the units of measure. Enter the alarm set points and alarm deadband. Set the default temperature that will be used for automatic temperature compensation if the temperature signal becomes invalid.

When finished with S11, touch the Close icon until the list of inputs is displayed. Repeat the process for each input.

The S12 temperature input Element should be set correctly once the S11 sensor type has been set. If not, select the correct temperature element and set the alarm set points and alarm deadband. Generic, ORP and disinfection sensors do not have temperature signals and are preset to Unassigned.

To calibrate the temperature, return to the S12 Details screen, touch the Calibrate icon, and touch the Enter icon to perform a calibration. If either input card is a Dual Analog Input card (4-20mA signal), then select the type of sensor that will be connected. Select Fluorometer if a Little Dipper 2 will be connected. Select AI Monitor if the device can be calibrated on its own and the Intuition-6™ calibration will only be in units of mA. Select Transmitter if the device connected cannot be calibrated on its own and the Intuition-6™ will need to be used to calibrate in engineering units of measure.

If a flow switch or liquid level switch is connected, D1 through D6 (whichever one has the device connected to it) should be set to DI State type (if no switch is connected, select No Sensor). Set the state that will possibly interlock control outputs (refer to the Outputs settings to program which outputs, if any, will be interlocked by the switch). Set the state, if any, that will result in an alarm.

If a contacting head or paddlewheel flow meter is connected, D1 through D6 (whichever one has the device connected to it) should be set to that type (if no flow meter is connected, select No Sensor). Set the units of measure, volume/contact or K factor, etc.

Calibrate the sensor

To calibrate the sensor, return to the list of inputs, touch the sensor to calibrate, touch the Calibrate icon, and select one of the calibration routines. For disinfection and Generic sensors, start with the Zero Calibration. For electrodeless conductivity, start with the Air Calibration. Refer to section 5.2.

Touch the Main Menu icon. Touch the Outputs icon.

Outputs (see section 5.3)

Program the settings for each output

A list of all available outputs will be displayed. Touch the relay to program first to get to the Details screen. Touch the Edit icon. If the name of the relay does not describe the control mode desired, swipe up or down until the Mode menu is displayed. Touch the Mode menu. Swipe up or down until the correct control mode is displayed and touch it. This will bring you back to the Details screen. Touch the Edit icon and finish the rest of the output's settings.

If you want the output to be interlocked by a flow switch or by another output being active, enter the Interlock Channels menu and select the input or output channel that will interlock this output.

The default is for the output to be in Off mode, where the output does not react to the settings. Once all settings for that output are complete, enter the HOA Setting menu and change it to Auto.

Repeat for each output.

Home Screen Setup (see section 5.4.6)

Once the controller has been programmed for the intended purpose, the parameters that are displayed on the Home screen, their size, and position can be customized. The default is to display the first two sensor inputs on the left side of the first page and the status of eight relays on the right side, with nothing on the optional second or third page.

From the Configuration tab, touch Display Settings, and then Edit Home Screen Layout. Touch the parameter name to change the parameter shown. Touch the Split icons to make two smaller cards from one larger card, or touch the Merge icons to make two smaller cards into one larger one. Select the parameter to be shown in each card. Swipe to the next page and add more cards if desired. Use the delete icon to remove everything from that half-screen display panel. Use the Move Up or Down icons to move the entire display panel up or down.

Touch the Confirm icon to save the changes or Close to cancel the setting changes.

Normal Startup

Startup is a simple process once your set points are in memory. Simply check your supply of chemicals, turn on the controller, calibrate it if necessary and it will start controlling.

4.5 Shut Down

To shut the controller down, simply turn off the power. Programming remains in memory. It is important that the pH/ORP electrode and disinfection sensors remain wet. If the shutdown is expected for any longer than a day, and it is possible for the electrode to dry out, remove the electrode from the tee and store it in pH 4 buffer or cooling tower water. Take care to avoid freezing temperatures when storing the pH/ORP electrodes to avoid breakage of the glass.

5.0 OPERATION using the touchscreen

These units control continuously while power is applied. Programming is accomplished either via the touchscreen or the optional Ethernet connection. See section 6.0 for Ethernet instructions.

To view the readings of each sensor, or whatever user-defined list of parameters that has been set, touch the Home icon if not already there. The menus for each of these parameters may be accessed directly by touching the parameter.

Keep in mind that even while browsing through menus, the unit is still controlling.

The menu structure is grouped by alarms, inputs and outputs, graphs and HOA. Under the Configuration menu will be general settings such as the clock, the language, etc. that do not have an input or output associated with it. Each input has its own menu for calibration and unit selection as needed. Each output has its own setup menu including set points, timer values and operating modes as needed. Each output has its own setup menu including set points, timer values and operating modes as needed.

MAIN MENU / HOME SCREEN OVERVIEW

INPUTS

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	Alert
Ccond (S11)		Temp (S12)				
1000 μS/cm		50.5 °F				
Cond (S21)		Temp (S22)				
1000 μS/cm		50.5 °F				
Unassigned D1		Unassigned D2				
Unassigned D3		Unassigned D4				

List of Possible Inputs

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Contacting Conductivity | DI State |
| Electrodeless Conductivity | Flow Meter, Contactor type |
| Temperature | Flow Meter, Paddlewheel type |
| pH | Feed Monitor |
| ORP | Counter |
| Disinfection | DI Counter |
| Generic | Calculation Virtual Input |
| Transmitter/AI Monitor | Redundant Sensor Virtual Input |
| Fluorometer | Raw Value Virtual Input |
| Flowmeter, Analog Type | |

OUTPUTS

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	Alert
On/Off (R1)		Flow Timer (R2)				
On		Off				
Bio Timer (R3)		Time Prop (R4)				
Off		Off				
Boolean Logic (R5)		Probe Wash (R6)				
Off		Off				

List of Possible Outputs

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| On/Off control mode | Probe Wash control mode |
| Flow Timer control mode | Spike control mode |
| Bleed & Feed control mode | Lag Output control mode |
| Percent Timer control mode | Flow Meter Ratio control mode |
| Biocide Timer control mode | Counter Timer |
| Alarm Output mode | Dual Switch |
| Time Proportional control mode | Analog Output, Retransmit mode |
| Pulse Proportional control mode | Analog Output, Proportional control mode |
| Intermittent Sampling mode | Analog Output, Manual mode |
| Manual control mode | |
| PID control mode | |
| Dual Setpoint mode | |
| Timer control mode | |

ALARMS (List of Active Alarms)

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	Alert
Temp (S12) Sensor Fault						

HOME SCREEN (example)

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	Alert
Ccond (S11)		On/Off (R1) On ●				
1000 μS/cm		Flow Timer (R2) Off ○				
Temp (S12)		Bio Timer (R3) Off ○				
50.5 °F		Time Prop (R4) Off ○				
pH (S21)		Alarm (R5) Off ○				
8.95		Probe Wash (R6) Off ○				
Temp (S22)		Retrans (A1) 0.0 %				
80.1 °F		Manual (A2) 0.0 %				

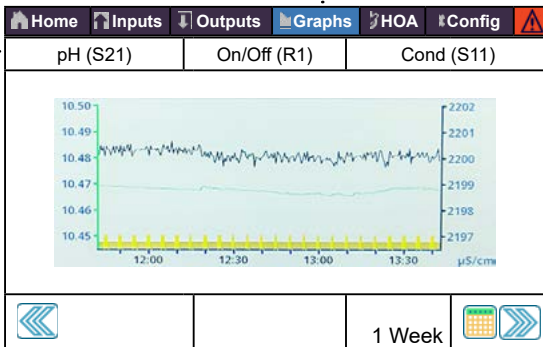
CONFIG

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	Alert
Global Settings		Security Settings				
Ethernet Settings		Ethernet Details				
Remote Communications		Email Report Settings				
Display Settings		File Utilities				
Controller Details						

HOA

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	Alert
On/Off (R1)	Hand	Off	Auto			
Flow Timer (R2)	Hand	Off	Auto			
Bio Timer (R3)	Hand	Off	Auto			
Time Prop (R4)	Hand	Off	Auto			
Alarm (R5)	Hand	Off	Auto			
Probe Wash (R6)	Hand	Off	Auto			

GRAPHS



Graph Settings
Left Sensor
Low Axis Limit
High Access Limit
DI / Relay

Additional Settings:
 Right Sensor Low Axis Limit
 High Axis Limit Time Range

Graph Settings
Time Range
30 Minutes
1 Hour
2 Hours
3 Hours
6 Hours

Additional Settings:
 12 Hours
 1 Day
 1/2 week
 1 Week
 2 Weeks
 4 Weeks

INPUTS

Home Inputs Outputs Graphs HOA Config Warning	
Concd (S11) 1000 μS/cm	Temp (S12) 50.5 °F
Cond (S21) 1000 μS/cm	Temp (S22) 50.5 °F
Unassigned D1	Unassigned D2
Unassigned D3	Unassigned D4

List of Possible Inputs

- Contacting Conductivity
- Electrodeless Conductivity
- Temperature
- pH
- ORP
- Disinfection
- Generic
- Transmitter/AI Monitor
- Fluorometer
- Flowmeter, Analog Type

- DI State
- Flow Meter, Contactor type
- Flow Meter, Paddlewheel type
- Feed Monitor
- Counter
- DI Counter
- Calculation Virtual Input
- Redundant Sensor Virtual Input
- Raw Value Virtual Input

Contacting Conductivity (S11)

1000 μS/cm

Alarms
Status
Raw Value
Temperature

etc. Details Screen Content varies with sensor type

Additional Input Details:

- 24-Hour Minimum Maximum and Averages
- Calibration Gain and Offset
- Last Calibration
- Type
- Sensor Board

Contacting Conductivity (S11)

1000 μS/cm

One-Point Process Calibration
One-Point Buffer Calibration
Open Air Calibration (Conductivity inputs only)
Zero Calibration (Disinfection inputs only)

Additional Calibration Options:

- Two-Point Buffer Calibration (pH/ORP inputs only)
- Three-Point Buffer Calibration (pH/ORP inputs only)
- One-Point Analog Calibration (4-20 mA inputs only)
- Two-Point Analog Calibration (4-20 mA inputs only)

Contacting Cond (S11-23)

1000 μS/cm

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Contacting Conductivity:

- Temp Comp Factor
- Cell Constant
- Cable Length
- Gauge
- Units
- Name
- Type

Disinfection (S11-23)

2.0 ppm

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Disinfection Sensor:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Cable Length
- Gauge
- Name
- Sensor Type

Electrodeless Cond (S11-23)

1000 μS/cm

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Electrodeless Conductivity:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Default Temp
- Installation Factor
- Range
- Temp Compensation
- Temp Comp Factor
- Cell Constant
- Cable Length
- Gauge
- Units
- Name
- Type

Generic (S11-S23)

20.0 ppm

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Generic Sensor:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Sensor Slope
- Sensor Offset
- Low / High Range
- Cable Length
- Gauge
- Units
- Electrode (Linear or Ion Selective)
- Name
- Type

Temperature (S11-23)

20 °C

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Name
- Element

Transmitter / AI Monitor (S11-S23)

100%

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Transmitter and AI Monitor:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Transmitter
- 4 mA Value
- 20 mA Value
- Units
- Name
- Type

pH (S11-23)

7.00

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for pH Sensor:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Buffers (pH only)
- Default Temp
- Cable Length
- Gauge
- Electrode
- Name
- Type

Fluorometer (S11-S23)

20 ppm

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Fluorometer:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Transmitter
- Max Sensor Range
- Dye / Product Ratio
- Name
- Type

ORP (S11-23)

500 mV

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for ORP Sensor:

- Deadband
- Reset Calibration Values
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Cable Length
- Gauge
- Name
- Type

Flowmeter (S11-S23)

5 l/min

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm





Additional Settings for Flowmeter:

- Deadband
- Reset Flow Total
- Set Flow Total
- Scheduled Reset
- Reset Calibration Valves
- Cal Required Alarm
- Alarm & Datalog Suppression
- Smoothing Factor
- Transmitter
- Flow Units
- Rates Units
- Flowmeter Max
- Input Filter
- Name
- Type

DIGITAL INPUTS

VIRTUAL INPUTS

DI State (D1-D6)

No Flow    





LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for DI State:

Open Message
Closed Message
Interlock
Alarm
Alarm & Datalog
Suppression

Total Time
Reset Time Total
Name
Type

Calculation (V1-V6)

1000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$    

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm





Additional Settings for Calculation:

Deadband
Input
Constant
Input 2
Constant 2
Calculation Mode
Alarm & Datalog Sup-

pression
Low Range
High Range
Smoothing Factor
Name
Type

Contactor Type

Flowmeter (D1-D6)

100 gal    





LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Contactor, Flowmeter:

Totalizer Alarm
Reset Flow Total
Set Flow Total
Scheduled Reset
Alarm & Datalog
Suppression

Volume/Contact
Flow Units
Name
Type

Redundant (V1-V6)

1000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$    

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm





Additional Settings for Redundant:

Deviation Alarm
Deadband
Alarm & Datalog Sup-
pression
Mode

Input
Input 2
Name
Type

Paddlewheel Type

Flowmeter (D1-D6)

100 g/m    





LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for Paddlewheel, Flowmeter:

Deadband
Alarm & Datalog
Suppression
Set Flow Total
Totalizer Alarm
Reset Flow Total

K Factor
Flow Units
Rate Units
Smoothing Factor
Name
Type

Raw Value (V1-V6)

1000 $\mu\text{S/cm}$    

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm





Additional Settings for Raw Value:

Deadband
Alarm & Datalog Sup-
pression
Input
Smoothing Factor
Name

Type

Feed Monitor (D1-D6)

Feed Monitor (D1-D6)

1.0 gal    

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm





Additional Settings for Feed Monitor:

Totalizer Alarm
Reset Flow Total
Set Flow Total
Scheduled Reset
Total Alarm Mode
Flow Alarm Mode
Flow Alarm Delay
Flow Alarm Clear
Deadband

Reprime Time
Volume/Contact
Flow Units
Rate Units
Smoothing Factor
Output
Name
Type

Only if HVAC mode is disabled

DI Counter (D1-D6)

1000    

LoLo Alarm
Low Alarm
High Alarm
HiHi Alarm

Additional Settings for DI Counter:

Deadband
Alarm & Datalog
Suppression
Totalizer Alarm
Reset Total
Set Total
Scheduled Reset

Units
Rate Units
Units per Pulse
Smoothing Factor
Name
Type

OUTPUTS

On/Off (R1)	Flow Timer (R2)
On	Off
Bio Timer (R3)	Time Prop (R4)
Off	Off
Alarm OutPUT (R5)	Probe Wash (R6)
Off	Off

List of Possible Outputs

- On/Off control mode
- Flow Timer control mode
- Bleed & Feed control mode
- Percent Timer control mode
- Biocide Timer control mode
- Alarm Output mode
- Time Proportional control mode
- Pulse Proportional control mode
- Intermittent Sampling mode
- Manual control mode
- PID control mode
- Dual Setpoint mode
- Timer control mode
- Probe Wash control mode
- Spike control mode
- Lag Output control mode
- Flow Meter Ratio control mode
- Counter Timer
- Dual Switch
- Analog Output, Retransmit mode
- Analog Output, Proportional control mode
- Analog Output, Manual mode

On/Off (R1)

Off ✎ ✕

Status

Time On

24 hour time

Total Time

etc. Details Screen Content varies with output type

Additional Input Details:

- Alarms
- Input Value
- Mode
- Relay Type

RELAY OUTPUTS & VIRTUAL (CONTROL) OUTPUTS

On/Off (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off ℹ ✕

HOA Setting

Setpoint

Deadband

Duty Cycle Period

Additional settings for On/Off Mode:

- Duty Cycle
- On Delay Time
- Off Delay Time
- Daily Max Time
- Output Time Limit
- Reset Output Timeout
- Interlock Channels
- Activate with Channels
- Minimum Relay Cycle
- Hand Time Limit
- Reset Time Total
- Input
- Direction
- Name
- Mode

Flow Timer (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off ℹ ✕

HOA Setting

Feed Duration

Accumulated Volume

Reset Timer



Additional Settings for Flow Timer Mode:

- Daily Max Time
- Output Time Limit
- Reset Output Timeout
- Interlock Channels
- Activate with Channels
- Minimum Relay Cycle
- Hand Time Limit
- Reset Time Total
- Flow Input
- Flow Input 2
- Name
- Mode

RELAY OUTPUTS & VIRTUAL (CONTROL) OUTPUTS

Only if HVAC mode is enabled

Bleed & Feed (R1-R6, C1-C16)

Off  

HOA Setting
Feed Time Limit
Daily Max Time
Reset Output Timeout

Swipe to additional settings for Bleed & Feed Mode:

Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle
Hand Time Limit

Reset Time Total
Bleed Name Mode

Not available for virtual outputs

Lag Control (R1-R6)

Off

HOA Setting
Lead
Wear Leveling*
Wear Cycle Time*



Additional settings for Lag Control Mode:

Activation Mode*
Set Point
Set Point 2
Deadband
Delay Time*
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels

Activate with Channels
Min Relay Cycle
Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Name
Mode

Only if HVAC mode is enabled

Bleed then Feed (R1-R6 C1-C6)

Of  

HOA Setting
Feed Percentage
Feed Time Limit
Reset Timer



Additional settings for Bleed then Feed Mode:

Daily Max Time
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle

Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Bleed Name Mode

Only if Pulse Relay Type

Flow Prop (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Target
Pump Capacity
Pump Setting



Additional settings for Flow Prop Control Mode:

Specific Gravity
Maximum Rate
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Hand Time Limit

Reset Time Total
Flow Input
Cycles Input
Low Cycles Limit
Name
Mode

Only if HVAC is disabled

Counter Timer (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  



HOA Setting
Feed Duration
Accumulator Setpoint
Reset Time

Additional settings for Counter Timer Mode:

Daily Max Time
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle

Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Input
Name
Mode

Percent Timer (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Sample Period
Feed Percentage
Output Time Limit



Additional settings for Percent Timer Mode:

Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle

Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Name
Mode

Only if HVAC mode is enabled

Biocide Timer (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  



HOA Setting
Event 1 (through 10)
Repetition
Week
Day
Start Time
Duration

Additional settings for Biocide Timer Mode:

Bleed
Prebleed Time
Prebleed To
Cond Input
Bleed Lockout
Add Last Missed
Interlock Channels

Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle
Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Name
Mode

Alarm (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  



HOA Setting
Alarm Mode
On Delay Time
Off Delay Time

Additional settings for Alarm Mode:

Select Alarms
Output
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle

Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Name
Mode

Time Prop (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Set Point
Proportional Band
Sample Period



Additional settings for Time Prop Mode:

Daily Max Time
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Minimum Relay Cycle

Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Input
Direction
Name
Mode

Only if HVAC mode is enabled

Int. Sampling (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Set Point
Proportional Band
Deadband



Additional settings for Intermittent Sampling Mode:

Sample Time
Hold Time
Maximum Blowdown
Wait Time
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels

Min Relay Cycle
Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Cond Input
Trap Sample
Name
Mode

RELAY OUTPUTS & VIRTUAL (CONTROL) OUTPUTS



Manual (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
On Delay Time
Off Delay Time
Output Time Limit

Additional settings for Manual Mode:
 Reset Output Timeout Name
 Interlock Channels Mode
 Minimum Relay Cycle
 Hand Time Limit
 Reset Time Total

Spike Control (R1-R6, C1-C6)



Off  

HOA Setting
Set point
Spike Setpoint
Deadband

Additional settings for Spike Control Mode:
 Onset Time Reset Output Timeout
 Duty Cycle Period Interlock Channels
 Duty Cycle Activate With Channels
 Event 1 (through 6) Min Relay Cycle
 Repetition Hand Time Limit
 Week Reset Time Total
 Day Input
 Start Time Direction
 Duration Name
 Daily Max Time Mode
 Output Time Limit

Only if Pulse Relay Type



Pulse Prop (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Set Point
Proportional Band
Minimum/Maximum Output

Additional settings for Pulse Prop Mode:
 Maximum Rate Reset Time Total
 Interlock Channels Input
 Activate with Channels Direction
 Minimum Relay Cycle Name
 Hand Time Limit Mod

Flow Meter Ratio (R1-R6, C1-C6)



Off  

HOA Setting
Accumulator Volume
Bleed Volume
Reset Timer

Additional settings for Flow Meter Ratio:
 Daily Max Time Makeup Meter
 Output Time Limit Makeup Meter 2
 Reset Output Timeout Bleed Meter
 Interlock Channels Bleed Meter 2
 Activate with Channels Disturbance Input
 Minimum Relay Cycle Name
 Hand Time Limit Mode
 Reset Time Total

Only if HVAC mode is disabled | Only if Pulse Relay Type



PID Control (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Set Point
Gain
Proportional Band

Additional settings for PID Control Mode:
 Integral Time Input Maximum
 Integral Gain Gain Form
 Derivative Time Output Time Limit
 Derivative Gain Reset Output Timeout
 Reset PID Integral Interlock Channels
 Minimum Output Activate with Channels
 Maximum Output Minimum Relay Cycle
 Maximum Rate Hand Time Limit
 Input Reset Time Total
 Direction Name
 Input Minimum Mode



Dual Switch (R1-R6,C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
On Switch
Activate On
On Delay Time

Additional settings for Dual Switch Mode:
 Off Switch Interlock Channels
 Activate O Activate with Channels
 Off Delay Time Min Relay Cycle
 Hand Time Limit Reset Time Total
 Daily Max Time Name
 Output Time Limit Mode
 Reset Output Timeout

Dual Setpoint (R1-R6, C1-C6)



Off  

HOA Setting
Set Point
Set Point 2
Deadband

Additional settings for Dual Setpoint Mode:
 Duty Cycle Period Minimum Relay Cycle
 Duty Cycle Hand Time Limit
 On Delay Time Reset Time Total
 Off Delay Time Input
 Output Time Limit Direction
 Reset Output Timeout Name
 Interlock Channels Mode
 Activate with Channels

Only if HVAC mode is disabled



Timer Control (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Event 1 (through 10)
 Repetition
 Hourly

Additional settings for Timer Control Mode:
 Week Interlock Channels
 Day Activate with Channels
 Events Per Day Minimum Relay Cycle
 Start Time Hand Time Limit
 Duration Reset Time Total
 Add Last Missed Name
 Output Time Limit Mode
 Reset Output Timeout



Probe Wash (R1-R6, C1-C6)

Off  

HOA Setting
Event 1 (through 10)
 Repetition
 Hourly



Additional settings for Probe Wash Mode:
 Week Hold Time
 Day Interlock Channels
 Events Per Day Activate with Channels
 Start Time Minimum Relay Cycle
 Duration Hand Time Limit
 Input Reset Time Total
 Input 2 Name
 Sensor Mode Mode

Not available for virtual outputs

Retransmit (A1-A2, C1-C6)	
Off	 
HOA Setting 4 mA Value 20 mA Value Hand Output	



Additional settings for Retransmit Mode:

Error Output
Reset Time Total
Input
Name
Mode

Prop Control (A1-A2, C1-C6)	
Off	 
HOA Setting Set Point Proportional Band Min Output	

Additional settings for Proportional Control Mode:



Max Output
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Hand Output
Hand Time Limit
Reset Time
Total
Off Mode Output
Error Output
Input
Direction
Name
Mode

PID Control (A1-A2, C1-C6)	
Off	 
HOA Setting Set Point Gain Proportional Gain	

Additional settings for PID Control Mode:



Integral Time
Integral Gain
Derivative Time
Derivative Gain
Reset PID Integral
Min Output
Max Output
Max Rate
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Hand Output
Hand Time Limit
O Mode Output
Error Output
Reset Time Total
Input
Direction
Input Minimum
Input Maximum
Gain Form
Name
Mode

Not available for virtual outputs

Manual Control (A1-A2)	
Off	 
HOA Setting Interlock Channels Activate with Channels Minimum Relay Cycle	

Additional settings for Manual Control Mode:



Hand Time Limit
Reset Time Total
Name
Mode

Flow Prop (A1-A2, C1-C6)	
Off	 
HOA Setting Target Pump Rating Pump Setting	

Additional settings for Flow Prop Control Mode:

Specific Gravity
Output Time Limit
Reset Output Timeout
Interlock Channels
Activate with Channels
Hand Output
Hand Time Limit
Off Mode Output
Error Output
Reset Time Total
Flow Input
Cycles Input
Low Cycles Limit
Name
Mode

Not available for virtual outputs

Lag Output (A1-A2)	
Off	 
HOA Setting Lead Reset Time Total Output Time Limit	

Additional settings for Lag Output Mode:

Reset Output Timeout
Wear Leveling
Wear Cycle Time
Name
Mode

CONFIG MENU

Home	Inputs	Outputs	Graphs	HOA	Config	⚠
Global Settings		Security Settings				
Ethernet Settings		Ethernet Details				
Remote Communications		Email Report Settings				
Display Settings		File Utilities				
Controller Details						

Remote Communications

Comm Status
 Data Format
 Data Port
 Verbose Logging

Swipe for additional settings for Remote Communications:

Device ID
Network

File Utilities

File Transfer Status
 Data Log Export
 Periodic Log Export
 Export Event Log

Swipe for additional settings for File Utilities:

Export System Log Software Upgrade
 Export User Config File
 Import User Config File
 Repair Network File System
 Restore Default Config

Global Settings

Date
 Time
 Name
 Location

Swipe to additional settings for Global Settings:

Global Units
 Temperature Units
 Alarm Delay
 HVAC Modes
 Language

Controller Details

Controller
 Product Name
 Serial Number
 Last Data Log

Swipe for additional settings for Controller Details:

Software Version Network Board
 Power Board Software Version
 AO Board Battery Power
 Sensor Board #1 Processor Temp
 Software Version Network Temp
 Sensor Board #2 I/O Card 1 Temp
 Software Version I/O Card 2 Temp
 Last Data Log Network Temp
 Digital Inputs +5 Volt Supply
 Software Version +3.3 Volt Supply

Display Settings

Edit Home Screen Layout
 Splash Protection
 Activate Splash Protection
 Adjust Display

Swipe to additional settings for Display Settings:

Auto Dim Time
 Key Beep

Security Settings

Controller Log Out
 Security
 Local Password

Email Report Settings

Report #1 through #4
 Email Addresses
 Email Server
 SMTP Server

Swipe for additional settings for Email Report Settings:

SMTP Port Day (Datalog/Summary Reports/Graph)
 From Address Day of Month (Datalog/Summary Reports/Graph)
 ASMTMP Username Report Time (Datalog/Summary Reports/Graph)
 ASMTMP Password Log Frequency (Datalog Report)
 Test Report Recipients Alarm Mode (Alarms Report)
 Send Email Test Report Select Alarms (Alarms Report)
 Report #1-4 Settings: Alarm Delay (Alarms Report)
 Report Type Attach Summary (Alarms Report)
 Email Recipients Report

Ethernet Settings

DHCP Setting
 Controller IP Address
 Netmask
 Gateway

Swipe for additional settings for Ethernet Settings:

DNS Server Reply Timeout
 Web Server
 Web Page Color Scheme
 Fluent Alarm Delay
 TCP Timeout
 Fluent Status
 LiveConnect Status
 Update Period

Ethernet Details

Ethernet Status
 Alarms
 DHCP Status
 Controller IP

Swipe for additional information on Ethernet Details:

Netmask
 Gateway
 DNS Server
 Web Server
 MAC Address
 Last Fluent Data
 Last Fluent Config
 Live Connect Status

5.1 Alarms Menu

Touch the Alarms icon to view a list of active alarms. If there are more than six active alarms, the Page Down icon will be shown; touch this icon to bring up the next page of alarms.

Touch the Main Menu icon to go back to the previous screen.

5.2 Inputs Menu / Calibration

Touch the Inputs icon to view a list of all sensor and digital inputs.

Touch the input to access that input's details, calibration (if applicable) and settings.

Sensor Input Details

The details for any type of sensor input include the current value read, alarms, the raw (uncalibrated) signal, the sensor type, and the calibration gain and offset. If the sensor has automatic temperature compensation, then the sensor's temperature value and alarms, the temperature resistance value read, and the type of temperature element required are also displayed under a separate sensor input menu.

Calibration

Touch the Calibration icon to calibrate the sensor. Select the calibration to perform: One Point Process, One Point Buffer or Two Point Buffer Calibration. Not all calibration options are available for all types of sensor.

One Point Process Calibration

New Value

Enter the actual value of the process as determined by another meter or laboratory analysis and touch Confirm.

Cal Successful or Failed

If successful, touch Confirm to put the new calibration in memory.

If failed, you may retry the calibration or cancel. Refer to Section 8 to troubleshoot a calibration failure.

One Point Buffer Calibration, Disinfection/Generic Sensor Zero Cal, Conductivity Air Cal

Cal Disables Control

Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort

Buffer Temperature (only appears if no temperature sensor is detected for sensor types that use automatic temperature compensation)

Enter the temperature of the buffer and touch Confirm.

Buffer Value (only appears for One Point Calibration except when automatic buffer recognition is used)

Enter the value of the buffer being used

Rinse Sensor

Remove the sensor from the process, rinse it off, and place it in the buffer solution (or oxidizer-free water for Zero Cal, or air for the conductivity open air cal). Touch Confirm when ready.

Stabilization

When the temperature (if applicable) and signal from the sensor is stable, the controller will automatically move to the next step. If they don't stabilize you may manually go to the next step by pressing Confirm.

Cal Successful or Failed

If successful, touch Confirm to put the new calibration in memory.

If failed, you may retry the calibration or cancel. Refer to Section 8 to troubleshoot a calibration failure.

Resume Control

Replace the sensor in the process and touch Confirm when ready to resume control.

Two Point Buffer Calibration

Cal Disables Control

Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort

Buffer Temperature (only appears if no temperature sensor is detected for sensor types that use automatic temperature compensation)

Enter the temperature of the buffer and touch Confirm.

First Buffer Value (does not appear if automatic buffer recognition is used)

Enter the value of the buffer being used

Rinse Sensor

Remove the sensor from the process, rinse it off, and place it in the buffer solution. Touch Confirm when ready.

Stabilization

When the temperature (if applicable) and signal from the sensor is stable, the controller will automatically move to the next step. If they don't stabilize you may manually go to the next step by touching Confirm.

Second Buffer Temperature (only appears if no temperature sensor is detected for sensor types that use automatic temperature compensation)

Enter the temperature of the buffer and press Confirm.

Second Buffer Value (does not appear if automatic buffer recognition is used)

Enter the value of the buffer being used

Rinse Electrode

Remove the sensor from the process, rinse it off, and place it in the buffer solution. Touch Confirm when ready.

Stabilization

When the temperature (if applicable) and signal from the sensor is stable, the controller will automatically move to the next step. If they don't stabilize you may manually go to the next step by touching Confirm.

Cal Successful or Failed

If successful, touch Confirm to put the new calibration in memory. The calibration adjusts the offset and the gain (slope) and displays the new values. If failed, you may retry the calibration or cancel. Refer to Section 8 to troubleshoot a calibration failure.

Resume Control

Replace the sensor in the process and touch Confirm when ready to resume control.

Three Point Buffer Calibration (pH sensors only)

Cal Disables Control

Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort

Buffer Temperature (only appears if no temperature sensor is detected)

Enter the temperature of the buffer and touch Confirm.

First Buffer Value (does not appear if automatic buffer recognition is used)

Enter the value of the buffer being used

Rinse Sensor

Remove the sensor from the process, rinse it off, and place it in the buffer solution. Touch Confirm when ready.

Stabilization

When the temperature (if applicable) and signal from the sensor is stable, the controller will automatically move to the next step. If they don't stabilize you may manually go to the next step by touching Confirm.

Second Buffer Temperature (only appears if no temperature sensor is detected)

Enter the temperature of the buffer and touch Confirm.

Second Buffer Value (does not appear if automatic buffer recognition is used)

Enter the value of the buffer being used

Rinse Electrode

Remove the sensor from the process, rinse it off, and place it in the buffer solution. Touch Confirm when ready.

Stabilization

When the temperature (if applicable) and signal from the sensor is stable, the controller will automatically move to the next step. If they don't stabilize you may manually go to the next step by touching Confirm.

Third Buffer Temperature (only appears if no temperature sensor is detected)

Enter the temperature of the buffer and touch Confirm.

Third Buffer Value (does not appear if automatic buffer recognition is used)

Enter the value of the buffer being used

Rinse Electrode

Remove the sensor from the process, rinse it off, and place it in the buffer solution. Touch Confirm when ready.

Stabilization

When the temperature (if applicable) and signal from the sensor is stable, the controller will automatically move to the next step.

Cal Successful or Failed

If successful, touch Confirm to put the new calibration in memory. The calibration adjusts the offset, gain (slope) and calibration midpoint and displays the new values. If failed, you may retry the calibration or cancel. Refer to Troubleshooting section if calibration failure.

Resume Control

Replace the sensor in the process and touch Confirm when ready to resume control.

One Point Analog Calibration

OK to disable control? Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.

Input Value

Enter the mA value that the transmitter will be sending. Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.

Please set input signal to specified value

Make sure that the transmitter is sending the desired mA signal. Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.
Automatic circuit calibration in progress

Cal Successful or Failed

If successful, touch Confirm to save calibration results. The calculated offset will be displayed.
If failed, you may retry the calibration or cancel. You may also restore calibration to the factory defaults. The calibration will fail if the measured mA is more than 2 mA away from the Input Value entered.

Please restore input signal to process value

Put the transmitter back into normal measurement mode if necessary and touch Confirm when ready to resume control.

Two Point Analog Calibration

OK to disable control? Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.

Input Value

Enter the mA value that the transmitter will be sending. Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.

Please set input signal to specified value

Make sure that the transmitter is sending the desired mA signal. Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.
Automatic circuit calibration in progress

Second Input Value

Enter the mA value that the transmitter will be sending. Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.

Please set input signal to specified value

Make sure that the transmitter is sending the desired mA signal. Touch Confirm to continue or Cancel to abort.
Automatic circuit calibration in progress

Cal Successful or Failed

If successful, touch Confirm to save calibration results. The calculated offset and gain will be displayed.

If failed, you may retry the calibration or cancel. You may also restore calibration to the factory defaults. The calibration will fail if the offset is more than 2 mA or the gain is not between 0.5 and 2.0.

Please restore input signal to process value

Put the transmitter back into normal measurement mode if necessary and touch Confirm when ready to resume control.

5.2.1 Electrodeless Conductivity

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 3000, and the dead-band is 10, the alarm will activate at 3000 and deactivate at 2990.
Reset Calibration Values	Enter this menu to reset the sensor calibration back to factory defaults.
Cal Required Alarm	To get an alarm message as a reminder to calibrate the sensor on a regular schedule, enter the number of days between calibrations. Set it to 0 if no reminders are necessary.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Default Temp	If the temperature signal is lost at any time, then the controller will use the Default Temp setting for temperature compensation.
Installation Factor	Do not change unless instructed by the factory.
Cable Length	The controller automatically compensates for errors in the reading caused by varying the length of the cable.
Gauge	The cable length compensation depends upon the gauge of wire used to extend the cable
Cell Constant	Do not change unless instructed by the factory.
Range	Select the range of conductivity that best matches the conditions the sensor will see.
Temp Compensation	Select between the standard NaCl temperature compensation method or a linear %/degree C method.
Temp Comp Factor	This menu only appears if Linear Temp Comp is selected. Change the %/degree C to match the chemistry being measured. Standard water is 2%.
Units	Select the units of measure for the conductivity.
Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected.

5.2.2 Temperature

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 100, and the deadband is 1, the alarm will activate at 100 and deactivate at 99.
Reset Calibration Values	Enter this menu to reset the sensor calibration back to factory defaults.
Cal Required Alarm	To get an alarm message as a reminder to calibrate the sensor on a regular schedule, enter the number of days between calibrations. Set it to 0 if no reminders are necessary.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Element	Select the specific type of temperature sensor to be connected.

5.2.3 pH

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 9.50, and the deadband is 0.05, the alarm will activate at 9.51 and deactivate at 9.45.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Reset Calibration Values	Enter this menu to reset the sensor calibration back to factory defaults.
Cal Required Alarm	To get an alarm message as a reminder to calibrate the sensor on a regular schedule, enter the number of days between calibrations. Set it to 0 if no reminders are necessary.
Buffers	Select if calibration buffers will be manually entered, or if they will be automatically detected, and if so, which set of buffers will be used. The choices are Manual Entry, JIS/NIST Standard, DIN Technical, or Traceable 4/7/10.
Default Temp	If the temperature signal is lost at any time, then the controller will use the Default Temp setting for temperature compensation.
Cable Length	The controller automatically compensates for errors in the reading caused by varying the length of the cable.
Gauge	The cable length compensation depends upon the gauge of wire used to extend the cable
Electrode	Select Glass for a standard pH electrode, or Antimony. Antimony pH electrodes have a default slope of 49 mV/pH and an offset of -320 mV at pH 7.
Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected.

5.2.4 Generic Sensor

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 7.00, and the deadband is 0.1, the alarm will activate at 7.01 and deactivate at 6.90.
Reset Calibration Values	Enter this menu to reset the sensor calibration back to factory defaults.
Cal Required Alarm	To get an alarm message as a reminder to calibrate the sensor on a regular schedule, enter the number of days between calibrations. Set it to 0 if no reminders are necessary.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Sensor Slope	Enter the slope of sensor in mV/Units (if Electrode selection is Linear) or mV/Decade (if Electrode selection is Ion Selective).
Sensor Offset	Only appears if the Electrode selection is Linear. Enter the offset of the sensor in mV if 0 mV is not equal to 0 units. For Ion Selective Electrodes, the Sensor Offset is not calculated until the first calibration is performed, and the sensor will read Zero until a calibration has been successfully completed!
Low Range	Enter the low end of the range of the sensor
High Range	Enter the high end of the range of the sensor
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Cable Length	The controller automatically compensates for errors in the reading caused by varying the length of the cable.
Gauge	The cable length compensation depends upon the gauge of wire used to extend the cable
Units	Type in the units of measure for the input, for example, ppm.
Electrode	Select the type of electrode to be connected. Select Linear if the sensor slope is a linear voltage per Units. Select Ion Selective if the electrode voltage output is logarithmic, defined as “mV/decade”.
Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected.

5.2.5 Transmitter Input and AI Monitor Input

Select AI monitor if the device connected can be calibrated on its own and the ECC-2B calibration will only be in units of mA. Select Transmitter if the device connected cannot be calibrated on its own and the ECC-2B will be used to calibrate in engineering units of measure.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 7.00, and the deadband is 0.1, the alarm will activate at 7.01 and deactivate at 6.90.
Reset Calibration Values	Enter this menu to reset the sensor calibration back to factory defaults.
Cal Required Alarm	To get an alarm message as a reminder to calibrate the sensor on a regular schedule, enter the number of days between calibrations. Set it to 0 if no reminders are necessary.

Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
4 mA Value	Enter the value that corresponds to a 4 mA output signal from the transmitter.
20 mA Value	Enter the value that corresponds to a 20 mA output signal from the transmitter.
Units	Select the units of measure for the transmitter.
Name	The name used to identify the transmitter may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected. The choice of AI Monitor and Transmitter is only available if a 4-20mA type sensor card is installed.

5.2.6 Analog Flowmeter Input

Settings 

Touch the Edit icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 7.00, and the deadband is 0.1, the alarm will activate at 7.01 and deactivate at 6.90.
Totalizer Alarm	Enter the high limit on the total volume of water accumulated above which an alarm will be activated.
Reset Flow Total	Enter this menu to reset the accumulated flow total to 0. Touch Confirm to accept, Cancel to leave the total at the previous value and go back.
Set Flow Total	This menu is used to set the total volume stored in the controller to match the register on the flow meter. Enter the desired value.
Scheduled Reset	Choose to automatically reset the flow total, and if so, Daily, Monthly or Annually.
Reset Calibration Values	Enter this menu to reset the sensor calibration back to factory defaults.
Cal Required Alarm	To get an alarm message as a reminder to calibrate the sensor on a regular schedule, enter the number of days between calibrations. Set it to 0 if no reminders are necessary.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Transmitter	Select the type of transmitter connected (2-wire loop powered, 2-wire self-powered, 3-wire, or 4-wire).
Flow Units	Select the units of measure for the water volume, between gallons, liters, cubic meters and million of gallons (MG).
Rate Units	Select the units of measure for the flow rate time base.
Flowmeter Max	Enter the flow rate at which the meter outputs a 20 mA signal.
Input Filter	Enter the mA below which the flow rate will be considered 0. Typically any meter output below 4.02 mA is actually 0 flow.
Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected.

5.2.7 Flow Meter, Contactor Type

Input Details

The details for this type of input include the total volume accumulated through the flow meter, alarms, and the current type of input setting.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Totalizer Alarm	A high limit on the total volume of water accumulated may be set.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Reset Flow Total	Enter this menu to reset the accumulated flow total to 0. Touch Confirm to accept, Cancel to leave the total at the previous value and go back.
Set Flow Total	This menu is used to set the total volume stored in the controller to match the register on the flow meter. Enter the desired value.
Scheduled Reset	Choose to automatically reset the flow total, and if so, Daily, Monthly or Annually.
Volume/Contact	Enter the volume of water that needs to go through the flow meter in order to generate a contact closure.
Flow Units	Select the units of measure for the water volume.
Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected to the digital input channel.

5.2.8 Flow Meter, Paddlewheel Type

Input Details

The details for this type of input include the current flow rate, total volume accumulated through the flow meter, alarms, and the current type of input setting.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the sensor.

Alarms	Low and High Alarm limits may be set.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 100, and the deadband is 1, the alarm will activate at 100 and deactivate at 99.
Totalizer Alarm	A high limit on the total volume of water accumulated may be set.
Reset Flow Total	Enter this menu to reset the accumulated flow total to 0. Touch Confirm to accept, Cancel to leave the total at the previous value and go back.
Set Flow Total	This menu is used to set the total volume stored in the controller to match the register on the flow meter. Enter the desired value.
Scheduled Reset	Choose to automatically reset the flow total, and if so, Daily, Monthly or Annually.
K Factor	Enter the pulses generated by the paddlewheel per unit volume of water.
Flow Units	Select the units of measure for the water volume.
Rate Units	Select the units of measure for the flow rate time base.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.

Name	The name used to identify the sensor may be changed.
Type	Select the type of sensor to be connected to the digital input channel.

5.2.9 Virtual Input – Calculation

A Virtual Input is not a physical sensor; it is a value that is calculated from two physical sensor inputs. The analog values that can be used for each type of calculation are selected from a List of all defined sensor inputs, analog inputs, flowmeter rates, the other virtual input, solid state relay %, and analog output %.

Calculation modes are:

- **Difference** (Input - Input 2)
- **Ratio** (Input / Input 2)
 - This selection could be used to calculate Cycles of Concentration in HVAC applications, for example
- **Total** (Input + Input 2)
- **% Difference** [(Input - Input 2) / Input]
 - This selection could be used to calculate % Rejection in RO applications, for example

Virtual Input Details

The details for any type of virtual input include the current value calculated, alarms, the status, and the input type.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the virtual input.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 7.00, and the deadband is 0.1, the alarm will activate at 7.01 and deactivate at 6.90.
Input	Select the physical input whose value will be used in the calculation shown above as the Input in the formula.
Input 2	Select the physical input whose value will be used in the calculation shown above as the Input 2 in the formula.
Calculation Mode	Select a calculation mode from the list.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Low Range	Set the low end of the normal range for the calculated value. A value below this will trigger a Range Alarm and deactivate any control output using the virtual input.
High Range	Set the high end of the normal range for the calculated value. A value above this will trigger a Range Alarm and deactivate any control output using the virtual input.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Name	The name used to identify the input may be changed.
Type	Select the type of input.

5.2.10 Virtual Input – Redundant

A Redundant type Virtual Input is not a physical sensor; it is a value that is calculated from two physical sensor inputs. The redundant sensor algorithm compares the readings from two sensors, and chooses which sensor to use. The value of the virtual input is the value of the sensor chosen by this comparison.

If the difference between the two exceeds a programmable amount, a deviation alarm is set, but control continues. If one of the sensors goes into a range error or a fault alarm, the other sensor will take over. If both sensors give invalid readings, an input alarm is set and any outputs using the virtual input for control are disabled.

The analog values that can be used for each type of calculation are selected from a List of all defined sensor inputs and analog inputs.

There are three modes:

- Primary/Backup – The primary sensor (selected as the Input) value, as opposed to the backup sensor (selected as Input 2) value, is chosen as the virtual input value, assuming it has a valid reading.
- Minimum Value – The sensor that has the lower reading of the two sensors is chosen as the virtual input value. This makes sense if a failing sensor normally drifts high.
- Maximum Value – The sensor that has the higher reading of the two sensors is chosen as the virtual input value. This makes sense if a failing sensor normally drifts low.

Virtual Input Details

The details for a virtual input include the current difference calculated, the current values of the inputs used in the calculation, alarms, the status, and the input type.

Settings

Touch the Edit icon to view or change the settings related to the virtual input.

Deviation Alarm	Enter the value for the difference between the two input readings above which the deviation alarm will trigger.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the Deviation Alarm is 1.00, and the deadband is 0.1, the alarm will activate if the sensor readings are 1.01 units apart, and deactivate at 0.89 units apart.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Mode	Select which mode for determining the value for the virtual sensor input.
Input	Select the physical input for the primary sensor.
Input 2	Select the physical input for the backup sensor.
Name	The name used to identify the input may be changed.
Type	Select the type of input.

5.2.11 Virtual Input – Raw Value

A Raw Value type Virtual Input is not a normal sensor signal. The value of the virtual input comes from the unmanipulated signal from a real sensor.

- non-temperature compensated $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$
- mV for pH, ORP, Disinfection
- mA for analog inputs
- ohms for temperature

Virtual Input Details

The details for a virtual input include the current raw value of the real input used, alarms, the status, and the input type.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the virtual input.

Alarms	Low-Low, Low, High and High-High Alarms limits may be set.
Deadband	This is the Alarm Deadband. For example, if the High Alarm is 7.00, and the deadband is 0.1, the alarm will activate at 7.01 and deactivate at 6.90.
Alarm & Datalog Suppression	If any of the relays or digital inputs are selected, any alarms related to this input will be suppressed if the selected relay or digital input is active. At the same time, all datalogs and graphs containing the input will show no data for the duration of the activation.
Input	Select the physical input whose raw value will be used as this virtual input.
Smoothing Factor	Increase the smoothing factor percentage to dampen the response to changes. For example, with a 10% smoothing factor, the next reading shown will consist of an average of 10% of the previous value and 90% of the current value.
Name	The name used to identify the input may be changed.
Type	Select the type of input.

5.3 Outputs Menu

Touch the Outputs icon from the Main Menu to view a list of all relay and analog outputs. The Page Down icon pages down the list of outputs, the Page Up icon pages up the list of outputs, the Main Menu icon brings back the previous screen.

Touch an output to access that output's details and settings.

NOTE: When the output control mode or the input assigned to that output is changed, the output reverts to OFF mode. Once you have changed all settings to match the new mode or sensor, you must put the output into AUTO mode to start control.

5.3.1 Relay, Any Control Mode

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the relay. Settings that are available for any control mode include:

HOA Setting	Select Hand, Off or Auto mode by touching the desired mode.
Output Time Limit	Enter the maximum amount of time that the relay can be continuously activated. Once the time limit is reached, the relay will deactivate until the Reset Output Timeout menu is entered.
Reset Output Timeout	Enter this menu to clear an Output Timeout alarm and allow the relay to control the process again.

Interlock Channels	Select the relays and digital inputs that will interlock this relay, when those other relays are activated in Auto mode. Using Hand or Off to activate relays bypasses the Interlock logic.
Activate With Channels	Select the relays and digital inputs that will activate this relay, when those other relays are activated in Auto mode. Using Hand or Off to activate relays bypasses the Activate With logic.
Minimum Relay Cycle	Enter the number of seconds that will be minimum amount of time that the relay will be in the active or inactive state. Normally this will be set to 0, but if using a motorized ball valve that takes time to open and close, set this high enough that the valve has time to complete its movement.
Hand Time Limit	Enter the amount of time that the relay will activate for when it is in Hand mode.
Reset Time Total	Press the Confirm icon to reset the total accumulated on-time stored for the output back to 0.
Name	The name used to identify the relay may be changed.
Mode	Select the desired control mode for the output.

5.3.2 Relay, On/Off Control Mode

Output Details

The details for this type of output include the relay on/off state, HOA mode or Interlock status, accumulated on-time, alarms related to this output, current cycle on time, relay type and the current control mode setting.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the relay.

Set point	Enter the sensor process value at which the relay will activate.
Deadband	Enter the sensor process value away from the set point at which the relay will deactivate.
Duty Cycle Period	Using a duty cycle helps to prevent overshooting the set point in applications where the response of the sensor to chemical additions is slow. Specify the amount of time for the cycle, and the percentage of that cycle time that the relay will be active. The relay will be off for the rest of the cycle, even if the set point has not been satisfied. Enter the length of the duty cycle in minutes:seconds in this menu. Set the time to 00:00 if use of a duty cycle is not required.
Duty Cycle	Enter the percentage of the cycle period that the relay will be active. Set the percentage to 100 if use of a duty cycle is not required.
On Delay Time	Enter the delay time for relay activation in hours:minutes:seconds. Set the time to 00:00:00 to immediately activate the relay.
Off Delay Time	Enter the delay time for relay deactivation in hours:minutes:seconds. Set the time to 00:00:00 to immediately deactivate the relay.
Input	Select the sensor to be used by this relay.
Direction	Select the control direction.

5.3.3 Relay, Biocide Timer Control Mode

ONLY AVAILABLE IF HVAC MODES ARE ENABLED IN CONFIG MENU – GLOBAL SETTINGS

Basic Biocide Operation

When a biocide event triggers, the algorithm will first prebleed (if a prebleed is programmed) for the set amount of prebleed time or down to the set prebleed conductivity. Then the biocide relay is turned on for the set duration. This is followed by a post-bio add lockout that blocks the bleed relay from turning on for a set amount of bleed lockout time.

Special Condition Handling

Prebleed

If both a time limit and a conductivity limit are set, the time limit takes precedence. The bleed relay will turn off once the time limit is reached or when the prebleed conductivity limit is reached (whichever occurs first). If the prebleed has a conductivity limit set, then the time limit can't be set to zero, as this would allow the prebleed to last forever if the conductivity limit is never reached.

Overlapping biocide events

If a second biocide event occurs while the first one is still active (in prebleed, biocide add or lockout), the second event will be ignored. An Event Skipped alarm will be set.

Interlock Conditions

Interlocks override the relay control, but do not change the operation of the timers or related bleed control. A no-flow (or other interlock) condition does not delay a biocide add. The biocide add duration timer will continue even if the relay is locked out due to a no-flow or other interlock condition. This will prevent delayed biocide adds which can potentially cause higher than expected biocide concentrations in the system when two biocides adds occur close to the same time. Not allowing delayed biocide adds will also prevent incompatible biocides getting added at close to the same time.

“Activate With” Conditions

“Activate with channels” settings override the relay control, but do not change the operation of the timers or related bleed control. The biocide timer continues counting biocide add time when the biocide relay is forced on, and ends at the expected time (biocide event start time plus duration). If the “activate with” condition continues after the end of the biocide feed time, the relay remains activated.

Alarms

An Event Skipped alarm is set when a second biocide event occurs while one event is still running (either in prebleed, biocide add or post-biocide add lockout).

An Event Skipped alarm is also set when the biocide add relay never turns on during a biocide add because of an interlock condition.

The alarm is cleared when the relay is next activated for any reason (the next timer event or HAND mode or “activate with” force on condition).

Output Details

The details for this type of output include the relay on/off state, HOA mode or Interlock status, accumulated on-time, alarms related to this output, current cycle on time, relay type and the current control mode setting. The current week number and day of the week is displayed (even if there is no multi-week repetition event programmed). Cycle Time shows the time counting down of the currently active part of the biocide cycle (pre-bleed, biocide feed, or post biocide feed lockout of the bleed).

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the relay.

Event 1 (through 10)	Enter these menus to program timer events via the menus below:
Repetition	Select the time cycle to repeat the event: Daily, 1 Week, 2 Week, 4 Week, or None. An event means that the output is turned on at the same time of day, for the same amount of time, and except for the Daily cycle, on the same day of the week.
Week	Only appears if Repetition is longer than 1 Week. Select the week during which the event will occur.
Day	Only appears if Repetition is longer than Daily. Select the day of the week during which the event will occur.
Start Time	Enter the time of day to start the event.
Duration	Enter the amount of time that the relay will be on.
Bleed	Select the relay to be used for Bleed/Blowdown

Prebleed Time	If lowering the conductivity prior to feeding biocide is desired using a fixed time instead of a specific conductivity setting, enter the amount of time for the pre-bleed. Also may be used to apply a time limit on a conductivity based prebleed.
Prebleed To	If lowering the conductivity prior to feeding biocide is desired, enter the conductivity value. If no prebleed is required, or if a time-based prebleed is preferred, set the conductivity value to 0.
Cond Input	Select the sensor to be used to control the prebleed relay selected above.
Bleed Lockout	Enter the amount of time to lockout bleed after the biocide feed is complete.
Add Last Missed	Select Enabled if the controller should delay start the most recent Biocide cycle until immediately after an Interlock clears, or Disabled if all Biocide feed should be skipped if there is an Interlock condition at the time the add was due to start.

5.3.4 Relay, Alarm Output Mode

Output Details

The details for this type of output include the relay on/off state, HOA mode or Interlock status, accumulated on-time, alarms related to this output, current cycle on time, relay type and the current control mode setting.

Settings

Touch the Settings icon to view or change the settings related to the relay.

Alarm Mode	Select the alarm conditions that will put the relay into the alarm state: All Alarms Selected Alarms
On Delay Time	Enter the delay time for relay activation in hours:minutes:seconds. Set the time to 00:00:00 to immediately activate the relay.
Off Delay Time	Enter the delay time for relay deactivation in hours:minutes:seconds. Set the time to 00:00:00 to immediately deactivate the relay.
Select Alarms	Scroll through the list of all inputs and outputs, as well as System Alarms and Network (Ethernet) alarms. Touch the parameter to select alarms related to that parameter, then scroll through the list of alarms. Touch each alarm to check the box indicating the alarm is selected. Touch the Confirm icon when finished with that parameter to save the changes. Repeat for each input and output.
Output	Select if the relay will be active when in the alarm state (Normally Open) or if the relay will be active when not in the alarm state (Normally Closed).

5.3.5 Relay, Manual Mode

Output Details

The details for this type of output include the relay on/off state, HOA mode or Interlock status, accumulated on-time, alarms related to this output, current cycle on time, relay type and the current control mode setting.

Settings

A Manual relay will activate if the HOA mode is Hand, or if it is Activated With another channel.

On Delay Time	Enter the delay time for relay activation in hours:minutes:seconds. Set the time to 00:00:00 to immediately activate the relay.
Off Delay Time	Enter the delay time for relay deactivation in hours:minutes:seconds. Set the time to 00:00:00 to immediately deactivate the relay.

5.3.6 Analog Output, Manual Mode

Output Details

The details for this type of output include the analog output %, HOA mode or Interlock status, accumulated on-time, alarms related to this output, current cycle on time, and the current control mode setting.

Settings

A Manual analog output will activate if the HOA mode is Hand, or if it is Activated With another channel. There are no additional programmable parameters

5.4 Configuration Menu

The configuration Settings Menu is used for settings and activities that are not tied to Inputs or Outputs.

5.4.1 Security Settings

Controller Log Out	When Security is Enabled, and after the password has been entered, the controller requires immediate use of a password to calibrate or change settings. Once finished making changes, log out to prevent unauthorized changes by someone else. If not manually logged out, the controller will automatically log out after 10 minutes of inactivity.
Security	Select Enable to require a password in order to calibrate or change settings, or Disable to allow calibration and set point changes without a password. In order to enable security, the default password must be entered first, then touch Enabled, then touch the Confirm icon.
Local Password	Used to change the touchscreen password needed for full configuration capability if security has been enabled. The default local password is 5555. This can and should be changed using this menu if Security is enabled.

5.4.2 Ethernet Settings

DHCP Setting	Select Enabled to get an IP address from the LAN or Disabled to use a fixed IP address.
Controller IP Address	Enter the default IP address to use if a network is not available or if DHCP is disabled.
Network Netmask	Enter the default netmask to use if a network is not available or if DHCP is disabled.
Network Gateway	Enter the default gateway address to use if a network is not available or if DHCP is disabled.
DNS Server	Enter the default DNS server IP address to use if DHCP is disabled.
Webserver	Enter the Webserver menu to manage the webserver encryption
Webserver Mode	Select between HTTPS (recommended, web pages will be encrypted), HTTP (web pages will not be encrypted) and Disabled (no web pages will be served).
SSL Certificate	Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS. Select between Default Cert (which uses a self-signed Walchem certificate) or Upload PEM which provides a way to enter a certificate of the network IT administrator's choice.
DNS Name	Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS and Default Cert is selected. The network IT administrator can map the controller numeric IP to a domain name, which reduces the warning messages that occur when a self-signed certificate is detected by the browser.

Import SSL Private Key File	<p>Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS and Upload PEM is selected.</p> <p>Insert a USB stick containing the desired Private Key file. The files must be named private.key, and must be in the root folder on the stick. Enter this menu to import the file from the stick onto the controller.</p> <p>If the network IT administrator is installing their own certificates, they must install a server private key and a server certificate.</p>
Import SSL Server Certificate File	<p>Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS and Upload PEM is selected.</p> <p>Insert a USB stick containing the desired Private Key file. The files must be named server.crt, and must be in the root folder on the stick. Enter this menu to import the file from the stick onto the controller.</p> <p>If the network IT administrator is installing their own certificates, they must install a server private key and a server certificate.</p>
Import SSL Root Certificate File	<p>Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS and Upload PEM is selected.</p> <p>Insert a USB stick containing the desired Private Key file. The files must be named root.crt, and must be in the root folder on the stick. Enter this menu to import the file from the stick onto the controller.</p> <p>If the network IT administrator is installing a file linked to a trusted certificate authority, then they import the Root Certificate that documents the path or chain of trust that links the server certificate to an authority, in addition to the private key and server certificate.</p>
Apply SSL Certificate Files	<p>Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS.</p> <p>Once the Default Cert has been selected, or the PEM files are imported, the network IT administrator touches “Apply SSL Certificate Files” to force a restart of the webserver and start using the desired certificate.</p>
Delete SSL Certificate Files	<p>Only appears if Webserver Mode is HTTPS and Upload PEM is selected.</p> <p>Once files have been applied, if changes need to be made and different files need to be imported, the network IT administrator touches “Delete SSL Certificate Files” to permanently remove all imported files.</p>
Web Page Color Scheme	Select between the Light color background and the Dark color background
Fluent Alarm Delay	Enter the number of minutes to delay in sending out a Fluent Comms Error message if a data packet is not successfully sent. In order to delay at all, the time must exceed the Update Period time.

5.4.3 Ethernet Details

The Ethernet Details are for information only and display the network settings currently in use, and the recent history of the Fluent connection.

Alarms	Displays any active Network-related alarms
DHCP Status	Displays if the connection to the LAN using DHCP was successful or not.
Controller IP Address	Displays the IP address that the controller is currently using.
Network Netmask	Displays the netmask address that the controller is currently using.
Network Gateway	Displays the gateway address that the controller is currently using.

DNS Server	Displays the DNS server address that the controller is currently using.
Webserver	Displays the level of encryption that the controller is currently using.
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the Ethernet card.
Last Fluent Config	Displays the date and time of the last attempt to send configuration data to the Fluent server.
Last Fluent Data	Displays the date and time of the last attempt to send a data to the Fluent server.

5.4.4 Remote Communications (Modbus and BACnet)

This menu will appear only if one of the optional Remote Communications activation keys has been imported into the controller, either by the factory at the time of ordering, or later using a field activation file.

To add the Remote Communications feature in the field, purchase the activation key file and save it to an USB drive, as the only file stored on the root directory of the stick. Insert the stick into the USB port of the controller. Go to the Configuration Menu, then File Utilities, then Import User Config File. Press the Confirm icon to start the activation process.

The display will report whether the import was successful or not. The activation key file is only valid for the serial number of the controller for which it was purchased.

For a complete description of the Modbus feature and register map, refer to the separate Modbus instruction manual. For a complete description of the BACnet features that are supported refer to the separate BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement.

Comm Status	Select Modbus or BACnet to enable one of the protocols, or Disabled.
Data Format	Modbus Only. Select to receive Modbus data in Standard (Float) format or Float Inverse format
Device ID	BACnet Only. Enter the device ID for the controller. The default will be based on the controller serial number.
Network	BACnet only, if the dual connection WiFi card is installed. Select the connection that will be used for BACnet communications; Ethernet or WiFi.
Data Port	The standard port for Modbus data is port 502, and for BACnet is 47808. Enter the port used if it is non-standard.
Verbose Logging	If logging is Enabled, all Modbus or BACnet requests will be logged in the Event Log (any errors, the function called, starting register, number of registers, value of the first register, get object requests). This is useful when first setting up the HMI, but it will quickly fill the Event Log if it is not Disabled during normal operation. The Verbose Logging function will be automatically disabled after power to the controller is cycled.

5.4.5 Email Report Settings

NOTE: To set up the content of the Graph report, connect using a browser via Ethernet and go to the Graph webpage. See section 6.

Report #1 (through 4)	Enter this menu to activate and set up a report to email, via the menus below:
Report Type	Select the type of report to email: None, Alarm, Datalog, Graph, or Summary (the Home webpage showing a Summary of current conditions).
Email Recipients	Select up to 8 email addresses that reports may be sent to by touching the check box. The addresses are entered in the Email Addresses menu described below.
Repetition	Only appears if Report Type is Datalog, Graph or Summary. Select how frequently to repeat sending the report: None, Hourly, Daily, Weekly or Monthly.

Reports Per Day	Only appears if Report Type is Datalog, Graph or Summary. Only appears if the repetition is set to Hourly. Select the number of reports per day: 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24. The report is sent on the Report Time and then evenly spaced throughout the day.
Day	Only appears if Report Type is Datalog, Graph or Summary. Only appears if the repetition is set to Weekly. Choose the day of the week on which the report will be sent.
Day of Month	Only appears if Report Type is Datalog, Graph or Summary. Only appears if the repetition is set to Monthly. Choose the day of the month on which the report will be sent. If the current month has less days than the number entered, the report will be sent on the last day of the month.
Report Time	Only appears if Report Type is Datalog, Graph or Summary. Only appears if the repetition is set to Daily, Weekly or Monthly. Enter the time of day for the report to be sent.
Log Frequency	Only appears if the Report Type is Datalog. Select the amount of time between data points. The amount of time allowed varies with the repetition of the report.
Alarm Mode	Only appears if Report Type is Alarm. Choose to send emails on All Alarms or only Selected Alarms.
Attach Summary	Only appears if Report Type is Alarm. Select Enabled to receive alarm emails that include the Main Menu webpage as an attachment or Disabled to receive a text-only alarm report email.
Select Alarms	Only appears if Report Type is Alarm. Only appears if the Alarm Mode is set to Selected Alarms. Select an Input or Output channel, System Alarm or Network Alarm, then touch the check box for individual alarms that will trigger an email to the list of recipients. Repeat for as many as desired.
Alarm Delay	Only appears if Report Type is Alarm. Enter how much time to wait after the alarm has been triggered before alarm conditions are considered valid and the email is sent.
Email Addresses	Enter up to 8 email addresses that reports may be sent to.
Email Server	Select the type of email server to be used: Walchem Fluent®, SMTP, ASMTMP, or TLS/SSL. Walchem Fluent and TLS/SSL will only be an available selection if the Network board is 191733-02 or higher (not -01) AND software version is 3.31 or higher (TLS/SSL) or 3.37 (Walchem Fluent). Refer to Config – Controller Details menu for the Network board software version.
SMTP Server	Will not appear if Email Server is Walchem Fluent. Enter the SMTP server address, either numeric or its name.
SMTP Port	Will not appear if Email Server is Walchem Fluent. Walchem Fluent email requires that port 49887 is open. Enter the port to be used by email server. The default is port 25 for SMTP, port 587 for ASMTMP, and port 465 for TLS/SSL
From Address	Enter the controller's email address. If the email server selected is Walchem Fluent, only enter the portion of the address to be shown before the @ symbol. All emails will be from @ walchem-fluent.net
ASMTMP Username	Enter the username required for authentication. Only appears if the email server type is ASMTMP or TLS/SSL
ASMTMP Password	Enter the password required for authentication. Only appears if the email server type is ASMTMP or TLS/SSL
Test Report Recipients	Select the email addresses from the list that should receive the test report. If there are none, enter them in the Email Addresses menu described above.

Send Email Test Report	Enter this menu and confirm to send the test Summary report to the selected test report recipients.
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5.4.6 Display Settings

Edit Home Screen Layout	<p>The Home screen view can be customized to show the desired parameters, in any order, in cards that can be adjusted to the desired size. The largest size card is one half of one screen. A maximum of 6 half-screens can be created. If there are more than two half-screens, the controller will automatically scroll between the screens.</p> <p>To customize a half-screen, touch the <Add Card> icon in the empty screen to create one large card. The <- -> icon splits the card in half, while the - > < - icon merge two card together. Touching the word in the card brings up a list of all available parameters that may be displayed in that card.</p> <p>The <trash can> icon deletes the entire half-screen. The arrow icons above and below the <trash can> move the half-screen up or down in position relative to other half-screens. A deleted half-screen can be brought back using the <Restore Card> icon.</p> <p>Touch the Confirm icon to accept the changes or Close icon to cancel.</p>
Splash Protection	Enable Splash Protection if the controller will be hosed down or is installed unprotected from rain. Water splashing on the screen can be make the screen respond like it's being swiped. When enabled, the user will be required to touch a series of numbered buttons in the numerical order to unlock the screen. The screen will return to protected mode after 10 minutes of no activity, or if manually activated.
Activate Splash Protection	Manually active splash protection mode without waiting 10 minutes by touching this menu and confirming that choice.
Adjust Display	Change the contrast and the brightness by touching the arrow keys. If the display becomes unreadable, it is possible to reset the defaults by powering down and pressing the bottom right corner of the touchscreen while powering back on.
Auto Dim Time	If this is set to a non-zero time, the display backlight will dim if the touchscreen is not touched for that amount of time. Touching the screen will turn the back to normal brightness.
Key Beep	Select enable to hear a beep when an icon is pressed, or disable for silence

5.4.7 File Utilities

The File Utilities menu is used to transfer log files, user settings files and software upgrade files, using the local and a USB flash drive stick or using a network connection and browser.

If using a USB drive, it is necessary to choose a quality product, less than 16 MB capacity, with FAT file system.

Files may be renamed, but Configuration and Software Upgrade file extensions must NOT be changed. The USB-drive must contain only one copy of these type of files. If more than one is available, the first one alphabetically will be imported by the controller.

File Transfer Status	Displays the status of the last attempt to export a file
Data Log Range	Select how far back in time for data to be downloaded: Since Previous download, past 6 hours, all the way up to the past 3 months.
Log Frequency	Select the amount of time between data points. The amount of time allowed varies with the Data Log Range. If the Data Log Range is selected as Since Previous download, the choices for frequency of data points will be limited by how far back in time the last download occurred.

Export Data Log File	Save the Data Log file, as defined by the Data Log Range and Log Frequency settings above, to a USB stick.
Export Event Log	Save the Event Log file to a USB stick. This records set point changes, user calibrations, alarms, relay state changes, file exports, etc.
Export System Log	Save the System Log file to a USB stick. This records hardware changes, software upgrades, automatic calibrations, power loss, system-level issues, etc.
Export User Config File	The User Configuration file contains all settings for the controller. Enter this menu to save the controller's settings to a USB stick (or download the file to a computer if using the web interface) for using later to restore settings to this controller, or to program additional controllers with the same settings as this one. It may take several minutes to create the file and transfer it.
Import User Config File	The User Configuration file contains all settings for the controller. Insert a USB stick (if using the local interface) containing the desired Configuration file. Enter this menu to import the file from the stick onto the controller. If using the web interface, click Upload and select the file to upload.
Repair Network File System	Touch this menu and confirm in order to clean up the file system on the Ethernet card.
Restore Default Config	Enter this menu to restore all of the settings to the factory default values. Any changes to settings that were previously made will be lost!
Software Upgrade	Insert a USB stick that has the upgrade file stored in the root directory into the USB connector under the watertight cap on the outside of the front panel (see figure 19). Touch the Confirm icon, and then touch the Confirm icon to start the upgrade.

NOTE: To maintain the NEMA 4X/IP66, always remove the stick and replace the cap securely over the USB connector when not in use.

5.5 HOA Menu



The HOA (Hand-Off-Automatic) Menu is used to quickly and easily test all relay outputs, and to stop or enable automatic control.



Swipe up or down to view the output to change. Touch the Hand, Off or Auto button to change the HOA state of that output. The current HOA state will be shaded dark. The change happens immediately unless the output is a relay which has a Minimum Relay Cycle programmed above 0 seconds.

5.6 Graph Menu



The Graph Menu is used to display a graph containing two sensor or analog input values plus one digital input or relay state. Touch the Graph icon and the controller will display “Generating Graph Please Stand By” for a few seconds then show the graph. The default is to show the value of sensor input S11 and the state of relay output R1 over the past 10 minutes.

Touching any point on either line on the graphs displays a vertical line plus the details for that data point: date and time, value of the sensor, and an arrow showing if the state or the digital input/relay was high or low at that time. In this view, <left arrow> and <right arrow> icons appear and touch these moves the vertical line by one data point in that direction. Touch the Close icon to return to the normal graph view.

Touching the  or the  icons will redraw the graph forward or backwards in time, in increments of one time range. It can only go back in time to the point where the data log file used to generate the graph starts. Changing the time frame while in the graph view, after moving back in time, shows data from that past time. Exiting the graph menu and returning to the graph menu moves back to the current time.

Swiping the graph left or right with two fingers is another way to move the graph forward or backwards in time. An alternate way to change the time frame of the graph is to pinch or spread two fingers.

Settings

Touch any of the parameter tabs on the top of the graph to access graph settings.

Left Sensor	Enter this menu to select the sensor, analog input, flowmeter type digital input (total flow and/or flow rate if applicable), or analog output value to show on the the left side of the graph
Low Axis Limit	The graph auto-scales based on the sensor value if both Low and High Axis Limit are set to 0. To manually adjust the left Y axis scale, enter the low limit here.
High Axis Limit	The graph auto-scales based on the sensor value if both Low and High Axis Limit are set to 0. To manually adjust the left Y axis scale, enter the high limit here.
DI/Relay	Enter this menu to select digital input, or analog output value to show on the graph
Right Sensor	Enter this menu to select the sensor, analog input, flowmeter type digital input (total flow and/or flow rate if applicable), or analog output value to show on the right side of the graph
Low Axis Limit	The graph auto-scales based on the sensor value if both Low and High Axis Limit are set to 0. To manually adjust the right Y axis scale, enter the low limit here.
High Axis Limit	The graph auto-scales based on the sensor value if both Low and High Axis Limit are set to 0. To manually adjust the right Y axis scale, enter the high limit here.
Time Range	Select the time range for the X axis of the graph. The time range may also be accessed from the graph view by touching the time range icon in the lower right corner.

The resolution of the screen only allows for 180 data points per graph, so not all data points in each time range can be shown. For finer resolution, download the data log CSV file from the Config – File Utilities menu and graph the data in Excel or equivalent spreadsheet application.

Time Range	Time between data points	Datalog file used
10 minutes	10 seconds	Daily
30 minutes	30 seconds	Daily
1 hour	1 minute	Daily
2½ hours	2 minutes	Weekly
8 hours	6 minutes	Weekly
½ day	10 minutes	Weekly
1 day	20 minutes	Weekly
½ week	1 hour	Monthly
1 week	2 hours	Monthly
2 weeks	4 hours	Monthly
4 week	8 hours	Monthly

6.0 OPERATION using Ethernet

All of the same settings that are available using the touchscreen are also available using a browser that is connected to the controller's Ethernet IP address. The controller may be connected to a Local Area Network (LAN), directly to the Ethernet port of a computer, or to the Fluent account management system server.

6.1 Connecting to a LAN

Connect the controller's network card to the LAN using a CAT5 cable with RJ45 connector.

6.1.1 Using DHCP

Using the touchscreen, from the Main menu, touch Config, then touch Network Settings, then touch DHCP Setting. Touch Enabled, then the Confirm icon.

After a power cycle of the controller, return to Config, then Network Details to view the Controller IP Address that has been assigned to the controller by the network.

6.1.2 Using a fixed IP Address

Using the touchscreen, from the Main menu, touch Config, then touch Network Settings, then touch DHCP Setting. Touch Disabled, then the Confirm icon. Cycle power to the controller. If DHCP is already Disabled then you can skip this step.

Using the touchscreen, from the Main menu, touch Config, then touch Network Settings, then touch Controller IP Address. Enter the IP address provided by the administrator of the LAN then touch the Confirm icon. Repeat for the Network Netmask and Network Gateway settings. Cycle power to the controller.

6.2 Connecting Directly to a Computer

Connect the controller's network card to the computer using a CAT5 cable with RJ45 connector.

Follow the instructions above to give the controller a fixed IP address that is compatible with the network settings of the computer.

Open a browser and type the numeric Controller IP address in the web page address field. The login screen should quickly appear. Once logged in, the Home page will appear.

The default username is admin and the default password is the 10-digit serial number for the controller. The serial number can be found printed on the label on the side of the controller, or by using the local touchscreen and going to the Config menu, then Controller Details.

Once logged in with the default password, a prompt will appear to change to new credentials. The option to close the prompt window and continue using the existing credentials exists, however the Admin and View-Only level usernames and passwords can and should be changed by browsing to the Config menu, Security Settings webpage. Log into the page using the current Admin level username and password, then change to new ones.

6.3 Navigating the web pages

From any computer that is directly connected to the controller, or is on the same network as the controller, open a browser and type the numeric Controller IP address in the web page address field. The login screen should quickly appear.

The default username is admin and the default password is the 10-digit serial number for the controller. The serial number can be found printed on the label on the side of the controller, or by using the local touchscreen and going to the Config menu, then Controller Details.

Once logged in with the default password, a prompt will appear to change to new credentials. The option to close the prompt window and continue using the existing credentials exists, however the Admin and View-Only level usernames and passwords can and should be changed by browsing to the Config menu, Security Settings webpage. Log into the page using the current Admin level username and password, then change to new ones.

After logging in, the Home page will appear. This will display the date and time, any active alarms, and the current readings or status of all of the Inputs and Outputs. On the left side of the page you will see links to the Main Menu selections: Alarms, Inputs, Outputs, Graphs, Config, Notepad and Software Upgrade if available. Click each menu to see the submenus, and click on the submenu to access all of the details and settings associated with it. At the bottom, there is a manual logout.

Below the Main Menu links there may be links to the instruction manual, Walchem website, and Walchem Fluent website, that are useful if the controller is connected to the Internet.

At the bottom there is a Log Out link. The Ethernet connection only supports four simultaneous users. If users do not log out, their session will stay active until it times out (the time is set in the Security menu), and other users may be denied access until an existing session closes.

7.0 MAINTENANCE

The controller itself requires very little maintenance. Wipe with a damp cloth. Do not spray down the controller unless the enclosure door is closed and latched and the USB port cap is installed hand-tight.

7.1 Electrode Cleaning

NOTE: The controller must be recalibrated after cleaning the electrode.

Frequency

The electrode should be cleaned periodically. The frequency required will vary by installation. In a new installation, it is recommended that the electrode be cleaned after two weeks of service. To determine how often the electrode must be cleaned, follow the procedure below.

1. Read and record the conductivity.
2. Remove, clean and replace the conductivity electrode.
3. Read conductivity and compare with the reading in step 1 above.

If the variance in readings is greater than 5%, increase the frequency of electrode cleaning. If there is less than 5% change in the reading, the electrode was not dirty and can be cleaned less often.

Cleaning Procedure

The electrode can normally be cleaned using a cloth or paper towel and a mild detergent. If coated with scale, clean with a dilute (5%) solution of hydrochloric acid solution. Occasionally an electrode may become coated with various substances that require a more vigorous cleaning procedure. Usually the coating will be visible, but not always. To clean a coated electrode, use fine grit abrasive, such as emery paper. Lay the paper on a flat surface and move the electrode in a back and forth motion. The electrode should be cleaned parallel to the carbon electrodes, not perpendicular.

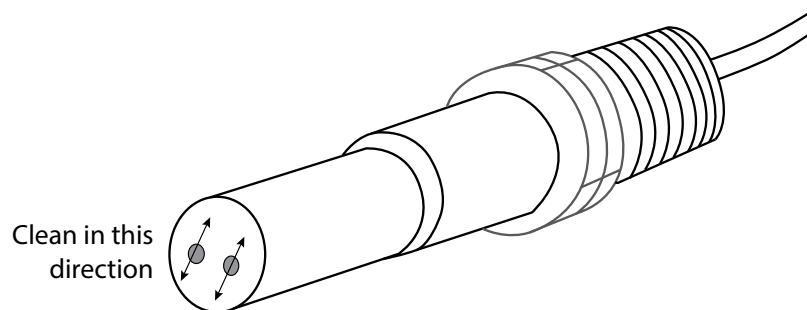


Figure 20 Cleaning the Electrode

7.2 Replacing the Fuse Protecting Powered Relays



CAUTION: Disconnect power to the controller before opening front panel!

Locate the fuse on the circuit board at the back of the controller enclosure under the plastic safety cover. Gently remove the old fuse from its retaining clip and discard. Press the new fuse into the clip, secure the front panel of the controller and return power to the unit.

Warning: Use of non-approved fuses can affect product safety approvals. Specifications are shown below. To insure product safety certifications are maintained, it is recommended that a Walchem fuse be used.

Fuse 5 x 20 mm, 6A, 250V	Walchem P/N 102834
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8.0 TROUBLESHOOTING



CAUTION: Disconnect power to the controller before opening front panel!

Troubleshooting and repair of a malfunctioning controller should only be attempted by qualified personnel using caution to ensure safety and limit unnecessary further damage. Contact the factory.

8.1 Calibration Failure

Calibrations will fail if the adjustments to the reading are outside of the normal range for a properly functioning system. Refer to the instruction manual for the specific sensor being used for further information.

8.1.1 Contacting Conductivity Sensors

The calibration will fail if the adjustment to the gain is outside of 0.5 to 2.0.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Dirty electrode	Clean electrode
Improper wiring of sensor to controller	Correct wiring
Wrong cell constant entered	Program the controller cell constant setting at the value that matches the electrode being used
Incorrect temperature reading or setting	Ensure that the temperature is accurate
Incorrect cable length or wire gauge setting	Set to the correct values
Faulty electrode	Replace electrode

8.1.2 Electrodeless Conductivity Sensors

The calibration will fail if the adjustment to the gain is outside of 0.2 to 10, or the offset is outside of -10,000 to 10,000.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Dirty sensor	Clean sensor
Improper wiring of sensor to controller	Correct wiring
Sensor placed too close to container walls	Relocate sensor
Sensor placed in the direct path of electrical current flow	Relocate sensor
Incorrect temperature reading or setting	Ensure that the temperature is accurate
Incorrect cable length or wire gauge setting	Set to the correct values
Faulty sensor	Replace sensor

8.1.3 pH Sensors

The calibration will fail if the adjustment to the gain is outside of 0.2 to 1.2, or if the calculated offset is outside of -140 to 140.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Dirty electrode	Clean electrode
Improper wiring of sensor to controller	Correct wiring
Incorrect temperature reading or setting	Ensure that the temperature is accurate
Incorrect cable length or wire gauge setting	Set to the correct values
Faulty electrode	Replace electrode
Faulty preamplifier	Replace preamplifier

8.1.4 Analog Inputs

The calibration will fail if the adjustment to the gain is outside of 0.5 to 2.0, or if the calculated offset is outside of -2 to 2 mA.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Improper wiring of sensor to controller	Correct wiring
Faulty sensor	Replace sensor

8.1.5 Temperature Sensors

The calibration will fail if the calculated offset is outside of -10 to 10.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Improper wiring of sensor to controller	Correct wiring
Temperature input is set to the incorrect element	Reprogram to match the connected temperature element
Faulty sensor	Replace sensor

8.2 Alarm Messages

HIGH or HIGH-HIGH ALARM

Occurs if the sensor reading rises above the high alarm set points. If your unit is programmed for an alarm relay output, the alarm relay will activate. The controller will continue to check the sensor reading, and any outputs using the sensor will remain active.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The process went further out of control than normal.	May have to increase chemical flow rate.
The chemical supply has run out.	Replenish the chemical supply.
The pump or valve or supply line is faulty.	Repair or replace the control device.
Wrong chemical is being controlled.	Replace with correct chemical.
The sensor is not responding to changes.	Repair or replace sensor. Evaluate mixing or recirculation.
The pump is siphoning, valve leaking.	Repair or replace the control device or re-route tubing.
Control output has been left in "HAND" mode.	Switch back to "AUTO".
It may be a normal part of the process.	None required.

LOW or LOW-LOW ALARM

Occurs if the sensor reading drops below the low alarm set points. If your unit is programmed for an alarm relay output, the alarm relay will activate. The controller will continue to check the sensor reading, and any outputs using the sensor will remain active.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The process went further out of control than normal.	May have to increase chemical flow rate.
The chemical supply has run out.	Replenish the chemical supply.
The pump or valve or supply line is faulty.	Repair or replace the control device.
Wrong chemical is being controlled.	Replace with correct chemical.
The sensor is not responding to changes.	Repair or replace sensor. Evaluate mixing or recirculation.
The pump is siphoning, valve leaking.	Repair or replace the control device or re-route tubing.
Control output has been left in "HAND" mode.	Switch back to "AUTO".
It may be a normal part of the process.	None required.

DI STATE CUSTOM MESSAGE

A digital input that is a DI State type can be set such that either the open or closed state generates an alarm. The alarm message may be customized. The most common use for this will be a Flow Switch.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
No flow	Check piping for closed valves, blockage, etc. Check recirculation pump.
Faulty flow switch/cable	Check with ohmmeter.
Faulty controller	Check by shorting digital input in controller.

TOTAL ALARM

Occurs if the flow meter or feed monitor totalizer alarm limit is exceeded.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Normal operation	Reset the total to clear alarm, or wait for the automatic total reset to occur.
AC coupled onto flow meter cable	Route cable at least 6 inches (150 mm) away from any AC voltage
Noise coupled onto flow meter cable	Shield cable

RANGE ALARM (for flow meter or feed monitor type digital inputs)

Occurs if the flow meter or feed monitor accumulated total is too large. The maximum total is 1 trillion times the increment of the device. For example, if the increment is one gallon per pulse the maximum total is 1 trillion gallons.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Normal operation	Reset the total to clear alarm, or wait for the automatic total reset to occur.

FLOW VERIFY

Occurs if the feed monitor digital input does not register any contacts while the control output for that pump has been active for longer than the Flow Alarm Delay time.

Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Metering pump has lost prime	Re-prime metering pump
Faulty metering pump	Repair or replace metering pump

Incorrect feed monitoring device wiring	Correct wiring. Make sure that digital input that the feed monitoring device is connected to has been assigned to the correct relay
Faulty feed monitoring sensor	Replace feed monitoring sensor
Blown fuse	Verify the pump is getting power. Replace fuse
Faulty output relay	Replace relay board
Faulty digital input	Verify that feed monitoring device is making contact closures using an ohmmeter. If OK, and connected properly, replace the controller circuit board.
OUTPUT TIMEOUT	
This error condition will stop control. It is caused by the output (either relay or analog) being activated for longer than the programmed Time Limit.	
Possible Cause	Corrective Action
The process went further out of control than normal.	Increase time limit or reset timer.
The chemical supply has run out.	Replenish the chemical supply.
The pump or valve or supply line is faulty.	Repair or replace the control device.
Wrong chemical is being controlled.	Replace with correct chemical.
The sensor is not responding to changes.	Replace sensor. Evaluate mixing or recirculation.
RANGE ALARM (for sensor inputs)	
It indicates that the signal from the sensor is out of the normal range. This error condition will stop control of any output using the sensor. This prevents controlling based upon a false sensor reading. If the temperature sensor goes into range alarm, then the controller will go into manual temperature compensation using the Default Temperature setting.	
Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Sensor wires shorted	Disconnect short
Faulty sensor	Replace sensor
Faulty controller	Replace or repair controller
EVENT SKIPPED ALARM	
An event skipped alarm is set when a second biocide or timer event occurs while one event is still running (either in prebleed, biocide-add or post-biocide add lockout in the case of the biocide timer mode). An event skipped alarm is also set when the timer relay never turns on during an event because of an interlock condition. The alarm is cleared when the relay is next activated for any reason (the next timer event or HAND mode or “activate with” force on condition).	
Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Incorrect programming	Reprogram to eliminate overlapping events
Long duration interlock condition	Normal operation
Long duration prebleed	Decrease prebleed time Increase bleed flow rate Reprogram to eliminate overlapping events
SENSOR FAULT	
This error indicates that the signal from the sensor is no longer valid at all. This error condition will stop control of any output using the sensor.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Sensor wires shorted	Disconnect short
Faulty sensor	Replace sensor
Faulty controller	Replace or repair controller
INPUT FAILURE	
This alarm indicates that the sensor input circuit is no longer working, or that one of the inputs used to calculate a virtual input is in a Sensor Fault condition. This error condition will stop control of any output using the input.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Faulty controller	Replace or repair controller
If using virtual inputs, sensor fault of one of the inputs	See Sensor Fault troubleshooting above
BATTERY POWER LOW	
This alarm indicates that the battery which holds the date and time in memory is below 2.4 VDC.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Faulty battery	Replace battery

SYSTEM TEMP LOW	
This alarm indicates that the temperature inside the controller is below -10 °C.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Low ambient temperatures	Provide heat for the controller
SYSTEM TEMP HIGH	
This alarm indicates that the temperature of the controller or sensor processor IC is above 75 °C, or that the temperature of the Ethernet card processor IC is above 85 °C.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
High ambient temperatures	Provide cooling for the controller
High power draw	Do not use the controller's 24VDC to power more than 1.5W total
DISPLAY ERROR	
This alarm occurs if the user interface gets lost	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Pressing icons very quickly	Exit out of the screen and continue programming
NETWORK CARD FAILURE	
This alarm occurs if the Ethernet circuit board fails	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Ethernet card locked up	Try a power cycle to reset it
Ethernet card not seated correctly	Unplug the network card and plug it back in
Faulty Ethernet card	Replace Ethernet card
WEB SERVER FAILURE	
This alarm occurs if the web server on the Ethernet circuit board fails	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Web server locked up	Try a power cycle to reset it
Faulty Ethernet card	Replace Ethernet card
Fluent DATA COMM ERROR	
This alarm occurs if the controller attempts to send data to Fluent and Fluent fails to acknowledge receipt of the data	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
No connection to LAN	Connect Ethernet cable to LAN
Wrong IP, subnet and/or gateway address	Program valid settings for LAN in the controller or use DHCP if supported by the LAN
LAN is blocking outside access	Program LAN's router to open access
Network card failure	See above
SENSOR CAL REQUIRED	
This alarm occurs if the sensor's Cal Reminder Alarm has been set to more than 0 days and if the sensor has not been calibrated within that number of days	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Time to calibrate	Calibrate the sensor
Reminder set in error	Set the Cal Reminder Alarm to 0
CALCULATION ERROR	
This alarm occurs if a virtual input calculation cannot be completed, for example if it has to divide by zero.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Zero value for the input used as the denominator	Calibrate or evaluate that input
DI FLOW VERIFY	
This alarm occurs if the control output is on but the associate flow verification device is not registering flow	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Metering pump has lost prime	Re-prime metering pump
Faulty metering pump	Repair or replace pump
Faulty verification device wiring	Correct wiring
Wrong digital input assigned to the output	Correct programming error

Faulty verification device	Repair or replace device
Faulty wiring of output to pump	Correct wiring
Faulty output board	Repair or replace board
Faulty digital input	Replace board
CONTROLLER, POWER, DISPLAY, OR SENSOR BOARD ERROR	
This alarm occurs if the board listed is not recognized	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Poor ribbon cable connection	Remove and reseal ribbon cable, cycle power
Poor option card connection	Remove and reseal the board, cycle power
Faulty board	Return the controller for repair
CONTROLLER, POWER, SENSOR, DISPLAY, NETWORK OR ANALOG OUTPUT BOARD VARIANT	
This alarm occurs if the type of board that is detected is not a valid type	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Poor ribbon cable connection	Reseat ribbon cable
Faulty ribbon cable	Replace ribbon cable
Faulty Board	Replace the board listed in the error message
SENSOR SOFTWARE VERSION	
This alarm occurs if a sensor input card with software v2.11 or lower is installed onto a controller board running software v2.13 or higher	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Software is not compatible between boards	Perform a Software Upgrade
NETWORK SOFTWARE VERSION	
This alarm occurs if an Ethernet card is installed onto a controller board running a higher software version than the Ethernet card	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
Software is not compatible between boards	Perform a Software Upgrade
INVALID SENSOR TYPE	
This alarm occurs if the programmed sensor type is not possible for the installed sensor board	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
The sensor board has been removed and replaced with a different type	Reinstall the correct board or reprogram the input to a valid type for the board installed
INVALID CONTROL MODE	
This alarm occurs if the programmed control mode is not possible for the installed power relay board	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
The power relay board has been removed and replaced with an incorrect model	Reinstall the correct board or reprogram the output to a valid type for the board installed
Fluent LIVE CONNECT ERROR	
This alarm occurs if the controller is unable to establish an encrypted connection to the Fluent server. If there is also a Fluent Data Comm Error, fix that first.	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
No UDP support on Port 9012 or TCP support on Port 44965	Open ports/protocols on router
DISABLED (SENSOR, DIGITAL OR VIRTUAL INPUT; RELAY OR ANALOG OUTPUT)	
This alarm occurs if software for that input or output did not start correctly	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
The software is not functioning	If the error message clears on its own, no action is required. If the error message persists, cycle power. If the error message still persists, return the controller for repair.
RELAY OR ANALOG OUTPUT CONTROL FAILURE	
This alarm occurs if software for that output did not run correctly	
Possible Cause	Correction Action
The software is not functioning	If the error message clears on its own, no action is required. If the error message persists, cycle power. If the error message still persists, return the controller for repair.

FRAM FILE SYSTEM ERROR**This alarm occurs if the FRAM is not detected at power up****Possible Cause**

The FRAM was or is not functioning

Correction Action

If the error message clears on its own, no action is required.
 If the error message persists, cycle power.
 If the error message still persists, replace the controller board.

8.3 Diagnostic Lights

Some of the circuit boards inside the controller have diagnostic lights.

CONTROLLER BOARD D1 LED**Indicates status of the software application. Normal operation is that 5 seconds after power-up, it does one long blink on, two short blinks, on long blink off. If it is not doing this:****Possible Cause**

Controller software is not running

Faulty controller board

Correction Action

Try a power cycle to reset it

Replace controller board

CONTROLLER BOARD D3 LED**Indicates the status of the 5 VDC power supply. Normal operation is ON. If not on:****Possible Cause**

Faulty ribbon cable

Faulty power supply

Correction Action

Replace ribbon cable

Replace power/relay board

CONTROLLER BOARD D2 LED**Indicates the status of the 3.3 VDC power supply. Normal operation is ON. If not on:****Possible Cause**

Faulty ribbon cable

Faulty power supply

Correction Action

Replace ribbon cable

Replace power/relay board

SENSOR BOARD LED**Indicates the status of the sensor board. Blinks slowly for several seconds during power-up. Normal operation is OFF. If not behaving this way:****Possible Cause**

Sensor card locked up

Sensor card not seated correctly

Faulty sensor card

Correction Action

Try a power cycle to reset it

Unplug the card and plug it back in

Replace sensor card

ETHERNET BOARD LED**Indicates status of the software application. Normal operation is that 5 seconds after power-up, it cycles 5 seconds on, 5 seconds off. If not behaving this way:****Possible Cause**

Network software is not running

Network software file system is corrupt

Ethernet card not seated correctly

Faulty Ethernet board

Correction Action

Try a power cycle to reset it

Go to Config – File Utilities and Repair Network File System

Unplug the card and plug it back in

Replace Ethernet board